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THE VERGE OF WAR.

Chili Must Apologize Immediately or Later On

THE PRESIDENT IS ANGRY

A Message to Congress Early Next Week—Naval Preparations Hurried—Enlistments for the Army Already Begun

New York, Jan 15.—The Recorder prints a sensational despatch from Washington purporting to give the proceedings of yesterday's cabinet meeting. Not within a quarter century has a cabinet meeting been fuller of important contingencies than that which was held yesterday. It is now evident that the country is upon the verge of a war with Chili. The president is reported as having informed his cabinet that he has received a report from Consul McCreary at Valparaiso which is to the effect that Americans are in danger of their lives in Chili and that a rupture between the United States and Chili seems inevitable. The report created a profound sensation among the cabinet members. The president then outlined his present plans. He expects a full report of Judge-advocate Remey's investigation by Tuesday night and on Wednesday will send a special to congress bearing on the subject. Continuing the despatch says that a cabinet minister said last night that Secretary Tracy informed the cabinet that all the men of war believed to be cruising near St. Thomas, are pushing to Valparaiso. Thirteen of the best vessels the United States owns are within easy distance of Chilian ports.

Confidential orders were issued to the general superintendent of recruiting at New York yesterday to accept every available man fit for artillery or infantry.

Recruits are coming forward in unusual numbers.

Everything now looks like trouble. Nothing except an apology from Chili will prevent it. It was decided at the cabinet meeting yesterday that under no conditions will Chili be allowed to go beyond this month in replying to the American letter.

THE PRESIDENT INDIGNANT.

St. Louis, Jan 15. A special from Washington D C, says A cabinet officer said today that the president was growing very indignant about the Chilian outrages. "It looks," said he, "much as if we will have to give her a good licking." This same cabinet officer talked further and with most unusual freedom. He said that the cabinet had given a great deal of time to the discussion of the Chilian affair, and that sentiment which pervaded the discussion was that hostilities were probable. The common opinion of the cabinet meeting was that preparations should be pushed with all possible haste.

PREPARING A MESSAGE.

Washington, Jan 15. The president today concluded his examination of the diplomatic correspondence in the Chilian controversy and sent the communications back to the state department. At the cabinet meeting, which was comparatively brief, he announced this fact and indicated that the next step would not be long delayed. The whole matter was discussed in a general way, but no action was taken, as there is nothing to be done until the correspondence has been published.

It is ascertained that the president will accompany the transmission of the correspondence by a message, which probably will go over the ground of the [illegible] strongly and advance [illegible] that will define the attitude of the administration in a [illegible] positive manner.

In view of the general belief that the president is considerably aggravated at the position taken by Chili, this message is expected with more than usual interest. In his annual message the president made two promises, one conditional and the other absolute. The latter was that he would at an early date transmit the correspondence, the former that in case Chili took needless time in answering he would send a special message. It is understood to-day that he has determined to combine these two and to send his message simultaneously with the documents. The expectation is that he will have the message ready so that it can be submitted to the cabinet at its meeting on Tuesday next, and it is therefore thought that the first time that it can be sent to congress will be Tuesday afternoon and more probably Wednesday afternoon, as it is usual for such communication to be made to congress as soon as possible after the opening of the session.

The government investigation of the attack upon the Baltimore's sailors, conducted by Judge-advocate-general Remey at San Francisco having come to an end, there is no reason why the facts thus elicited, which would seem to greatly strengthen the government's case, should not be incorporated in the documents sent to congress, especially as portions of the testimony have been mailed to Washington from day to day and the last batch of evidence should be here in a very few days.

In addition to this Colonel Remey has mailed a daily report of the proceedings to the navy department and thus the president will have before him a complete synopsis of the results of the investigation of which he will make use under any circumstances, whether or not all the testimony should be received in time to accompany the correspondence.

A RUMOR DENIED.

Washington, Jan 15.—It can be stated on excellent authority and without fear of contradiction that the report published in the New York Evening Journal that Secretary Blaine had received and presented to the president to-day a despatch from Minister Egan that the Chilian government would not apologize or answer the president's demands is absolutely untrue. No despatch has been received, and consequently could not have been presented at the meeting this afternoon.

CHILI WEAKENS.

The Herald's Valparaiso despatch says there has been a decided improvement in the situation within the past twenty four hours. There is now no war talk in Valparaiso among those whose opinions have [illegible] with the government. Minister [illegible] at Washington has been instructed to [illegible] the most conciliatory manner. Under [illegible] instructions he will avoid all difficulties that might bring about war.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

HOUSE.

Washington, Jan 15.—The senate was not in session to-day. In his prayer this morning the chaplain feelingly alluded to the death of the Duke of Clarence and Cardinal Manning.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Newberry, of Illinois Appropriating $100,000 to establish a spelling school at the World's Fair.

By Mr. Lane, of Illinois Placing salt, lumber, nails, cotton ties, binding twine and agricultural implements, on the free list.

By Mr. Smith, of Arizona—For the admission of Arizona as a state.

February 6th was set apart for the delivery of eulogies on the late Representative Lee of Virginia.

The house then [illegible] the unfinished business being the motion to reconsider the vote by which the previous question was ordered on the subsidy and economy resolution offered by Mr. Holman. Mr. Holman withdrew the motion. He [illegible] he said, came to the conclusion that the second resolution was broad enough to cover any and all proper and legitimate appropriations. It would include all such legislation as private pension bills and the like.

Mr. Tracy of New York inquired whether a separate vote could be had upon each resolution and on receiving the affirmative reply demanded a division of the question. The question was taken on the first resolution which reads as follows:

Resolved, That in the judgment of this house the granting of subsidies or bounties by congress in money, public lands, bonds or by indorsement or by pledge of the public credit to promote special private industries or enterprises of corporations independent of the question of the constitutional power of congress to make such grants is unjust and impolitic and inconsistent with respect to our Republican institutions as it directly tends to create and foster the wealth of favored classes at the expense of the whole people who bear the burdens of the government and manifestly furnishes undue facilities for the enlargement of great private estates, a policy which a government of the people cannot justly or selfishly encourage by any form of favoritism in legislation.

Adopted yeas 174, nays 48.

The question was then taken on the second resolution, Mr. Lynch of Wisconsin making an effort to present a substitute. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, In view of the present condition of the treasury and because honest government can only be assured by the legal expenditure of the public money, while unnecessary and lavish expenditure under any and all conditions, leads inevitably to venal and corrupt methods in public affairs, no money ought to be appropriated by congress from the public treasury except such as is manifestly necessary to carry on the several departments frugally, efficiently and honestly administered.

The resolution was agreed to, yeas 164, nays 33.

The house then took up for consideration the reports of the committee on accounts, assigning clerks to the various committees of the house and a discussion ensued as to whether there was not extravagance in these assignments.

After a prolonged debate, the minority substitute, providing for twenty four clerks, was defeated, yeas 84, nays 164, and the majority report which provided for thirty-seven clerks, was agreed to.

Mr. Flynn of Missouri, who has been absent on account of protracted sickness, was then sworn in, but his health was so feeble that he was obliged to take the oath of office from his seat.

Mr. Hatch of Missouri introduced a bill amending the presidential succession act so as to add the office of secretary of agriculture to that of secretary of the interior. Referred.

Then on motion of Mr. Catchings of Mississippi the house then adjourned until Monday.

Foster's Forecasts.

Denver, Jan 15.—The following are the forecasts of the weather of the United States and Colorado in particular, as copyrighted by Prof. W. T. Foster, for the Rocky Mountain News.

Last week's letter gave detailed forecasts of the storm wave, due to cross the continent from Jan 14 to 18. The next will be due to reach the California coast about the 18th, cross the western mountains by the close of the 19th, the great central valleys from 20th to 22d and reach the eastern states about the 23rd. About the 19th this will become a furious storm in the country drained by the Upper Missouri, and the storm will gradually decrease in force as it moves eastward. A cold wave will strike the upper Missouri valley about the 21st and follow in the path of the preceding storm wave. The cold wave will be more severe than any of the month that preceded it. Another storm wave will be due to reach the California coast and to the south, about the 24th, cross the western mountains by the close of the 25th, the great central valleys from the 26th to 28th and the Atlantic states about the 29th. It will be a [illegible] storm during its entire journey [illegible] the continent. On the 25th a cold wave will appear in the northwest, moving down the Missouri valley on the 28th and into the southern states on the 29th. This cold wave will become a dangerous blizzard on the western plains on the 28th and a fierce norther in Texas on the 29th. Both of the storms will cause very severe weather in all parts of the United States and extreme cold in all the northern tier of states. The most severe storms, sudden changes and extremes of the weather will occur from Jan 19 to Feb. 5.

I have now completed my calculations as to the 1892 drouth. It is not practical to publish detailed forecasts, as every locality depends largely on the topography of its immediate vicinity. So far as I can I will reply to those who may address me by letter on this subject. In places the drouth will run north of the fortieth degree of north latitude, but generally it will be confined to south of that line.

Weather changes will probably occur as indicated below, at and within 100 miles of Denver, within twenty-four hours before or after sunset of the dates given.

Jan. 16.—Snow, indications of clearing.
Jan. 17. Cold wave; clearing.
Jan. 18. Clear, cool.
Jan 19.—Variable, threatening uncertain weather: warmer.
Jan 20.—Storm wave due.
Jan. 21 Colder; snow.
Jan. 22 Cold wave, snow, clearing.
Jan 23.—Clearing and cold.

Missouri Pacific Plans.

New York, Jan 15.—An evening paper says Mr. Gould's attitude toward the Western Traffic association, of which Missouri Pacific is one of the component roads has excited much interest in Wall street. Some believe the true reason for his reported action lies in the fact that Mr Gould has been working for years to develop the Missouri Pacific into a homogeneous and independent system and before another year is out that end will have been accomplished. With the completion of the road which Mr. Gould last summer announced his intention of building he will have a new and almost straight line between St. Louis and New Orleans.

The Missouri Pacific lines will extend from Denver to New Orleans via St. Louis and will in their course tap all the traffic points of the west and can draw upon the mining, grain and cattle districts by giving them one line to tide water. The larger part of Mr. Gould's new line from St. Louis to New Orleans is practically finished. The southern half of this line extends from Alexandria, La., where it connects with the Texas Pacific into New Orleans due north to a point on the Iron Mountain. It is proposed to make the line even more direct by building a cut-off of about 150 miles through eastern Arkansas. This road will make the only direct line from St. Louis to New Orleans and will traverse a rich country in addition to the tide-water extension of the Missouri Pacific system. With the completion of this road Mr Gould can make a new export route for grain.

The Forest Reserves.

Washington, Jan 15.—Secretary Noble has written letters to the senate and house committees on public land urging that prompt and efficient steps be taken by congress to protect and preserve from depredations the forest reservations which have recently been created by proclamation of the president. The secretary has taken a deep interest in the matter of forest reserves, believing that only by preserving the forests at headwaters of mountain streams of the middle and far west can these streams be kept [illegible] them lapse again into an arid [illegible].

Silver Purchase.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The offers of silver to the treasury to-day aggregated 197,000 ounces. The amount purchased was [illegible] ounces as follows: 140,000 ounces at $0.91, 300,000 ounces at 91¼.

A DECOROUS FICTION.

The Grief of the English Nation at the Duke's Death

A STRONG DEMOCRATIC FEELING

The Upper and Middle Classes are Keenly Touched—Workingmen Refuse a Vote of Sympathy—Mourning Orders.

London, Jan 15. The decorous fiction that the whole nation is overwhelmed with grief at the death of the Duke of Clarence received a startling denial to day in the proceedings of the greatest workingmen's union in England. The delegates of the Miners' Federation now holding their annual meeting at Stoke-on-Trent were apprised before assembling that their representatives in parliament desired that the federation should adopt a resolution of condolence. The strong democratic feeling known to suffuse the body made the proposal hazardous, but it was hoped that the delegates would not venture to deviate from the general custom by declaring that the death in the royal family was no particular concern of theirs. This is exactly what they did. A telegram from their parliamentary leader Mr Pickard himself ill with influenza asked for a vote of sympathy with the royal family, adding, "The queen has always expressed sympathy with us."

Cries of "Business" greeted the message and the member who moved the vote of condolence reminded the delegates that the queen, in cases of accidents in mines, always helped the distressed. In sullen silence the conference listened to speeches in favor of the motion and then by a vote of 19 to 13 passed without debate an amendment to proceed to business. The Miners' Federation has two hundred thousand members and it is the best organized and most powerful single union in the country. It has several representatives in the house of commons and controls the votes of others.

No workmen's combination has so freely given to the distressed in or outside of its ranks, or shown a keener perception of the suffering of the proletariat. Interference with the family affairs of royalty being felt to be beyond them they honestly said so. If all the trades unions of Great Britain were similarly tested the result would be similar. The delegates immediately proceeded to vote sympathy with and substantial help for the starving nail makers for the midland districts who have long been on strike.

The upper and middle classes are most keenly touched by the incidents of the Duke of Clarence's death. Thousands clad in mourning have flocked to Marlborough house to record their names and throughout the capital well-dressed folks generally are donning some badge of grief.

The alarm of many people over the prospect of social seasons being under the taboo the greater part of the coming season will be relieved by the announcement that the queen, recognizing the necessities of society, will hold the usual May drawing rooms and levees. The Prince of Wales and family will not appear in public for a year to come. The Princess of Wales after the funeral is going to some secluded spot in the south of Europe with her daughter. Both are in delicate health and their condition is now the source of increased anxiety to the family.

London, Jan 15.—The question of what to do about the funds and testimonials which [illegible] up for the occasion of the wedding of the Duke of Clarence, now that death intervenes to prevent the ceremony, is a perplexing one to the committees which had been arranging these pleasant tributes. Many committees have [illegible] and the money which had been subscribed, but in many other cases that is impossible as the money has been expended upon the proposed gifts in whole or in part. In these instances the presents will probably be disposed of for whatever they will bring and as much of the original fund as can thus be realized will be returned pro rata to the donors. In still other cases the funds will be used in giving expression in some suitable way to the sorrow and sympathy of the subscribers. It has been decided by some committees to send the money to hospitals or other charitable institutions. Few favor sending the bride-that-was-to-be testimonials in the shape of wreaths.

The delay in fixing the date and announcing the place of the funeral caused no little embarrassment to the officials of the lord chamberlain's department, who will have but a very short time in which to make the numerous arrangements devolving upon them in connection with the ceremonials. They remained in their offices until late in the evening, awaiting the arrival of the expected special messenger from Sandringham, without whose instructions they could not act. The official announcement that the period of court mourning will not exceed six weeks has afforded much relief in quarters where periods of mourning mean almost a total suspension of business and profits.

Society is glad that the term of enforced gloom is not likely to be prolonged. It is not thought that much attention will be paid to the order for general mourning outside of the limited circle in the direct touch with the royal family.

MOURNING ORDERS.

London, Jan. 15.—The Royal Gazette to-day issues a special mourning supplement, giving full direction as to official mourning for the Duke of Clarence. The court to-day will go into full mourning, which will continue until the 5th of February. Then half mourning attire will succeed to be worn until Feb. 26. By command of the queen the earl marshal gives notice that persons are expected to go into mourning for three weeks, and officers of the navy and army to wear crape on the left arm for six weeks. The nobility and gentry are already very generally complying with the notice, as well as nearly all tradesmen. The Princess Mary was well enough to-day to answer a telegram from the people of Kensington. She said in her reply that all her family were deeply touched by the universal and tender sympathy shown by the people in the affliction which had come upon them.

King Leopold of Belgium, will not it is stated, attend the funeral. His physicians have advised him to this course on account of the condition of his health which is far from strong, but the king would probably have attended nevertheless, had not his ministers sustained the advice of his physicians, and urged upon him not to incur any risk at this time.

IRISH PRESS COMMENT.

Dublin, Jan 15.—The National Press, (McCarthyite) referring to the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, says that all idea of royalty disappears before this tragedy in human life, which touches everyone's heart.

The Freeman's Journal speaks of the dead duke as a man who [illegible] and one who would be mourned by all generous and kind men. While the Prince of Wales, The Journal adds, has at times forgotten the duties of royalty, if not its rights, he still possesses a certain kindness of heart and royal generosity which recommend him to the people. Love and esteem of all is extended to the Princess of Wales and The Journal [illegible] sufferings of the Irish people.

The Independent (Parnellite) says that Irish sympathy goes out to the family in their deep affliction, and testifies to the popularity in Dublin of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, who, when in this city a short time ago, visited the newly made grave of Mr. Parnell.

Queen Victoria Ill.

London, Jan 15. The startling rumor was circulated last night that Queen Victoria was ill with influenza.

Overtaken by Death.

Pueblo, Jan 15.—The body of F. P. Schafer, the station agent at Graneros whose failure to deliver orders caused the terrible collision on the Rio Grande the afternoon of December 31 was found by a ranchman today on the plains about six miles from the station. Schafer decamped as soon as he had discovered his error and was frozen to death in trying to make his escape.

Newspaper Building Burned.

Pittsburg, Jan 15. Shortly before midnight tonight fire destroyed the Leader building of Fifth avenue this city. The fire also communicated to the Mansion block adjoining. The total loss to The Leader is $80,000 with an insurance of [illegible] adjoining buildings damaged $11,000 fully insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Weather Indications.

Washington, Jan 15.—For Colorado: Generally fair warmer south winds.

How a Great Mine Was Discovered.

A walk over the mountains to Friedensville Pa., one spring day when the farmers were plowing their fields, brought the late Dr Roepper well known to mineralogists to where a team was dragging a plow near the road. A talk with the driver brought out the fact that his farm was cursed with more than the usual amount of stones and a sample was tossed over the fence to the doctor as evidence. It was recognized as a mass of quartz carrying calamine—a silicate of zinc. The fence was climbed and the two followed the plow forward and back across a field covered with similar masses.

Had the doctor been a sharper he would have bought the farm and died a rich man. As he was only an honest lover of nature he said a few words to the plowman that transformed an exhausted Pennsylvania farm into the seat of the Ueberroth mine that set in operation the extensive zinc works of Bethlehem, Pa., and built the "President"—a pump that could raise 17,000 gallons of water per minute. This chance shot at a fortune is but one of many and a dozen volumes would ill suffice to note the salient points of the record. If so much can be done haphazard it is evident that a systematic training in economic geology will furnish a means for a livelihood, as well as an aid in the consideration of economic questions in mining.—Engineering Magazine.

Weighed in the Balance.

Goslin—Congratulate me, deah fellaw.
Hunker—What's the occasion my boy?
Goslin—I'm engaged, doncher know.
Hunker—Then I congratulate you most sincerely. May I ask the lady's name?
Goslin—Mabel—er—Miss Swayback. She's worth her weight in gold, deah boy.
Hunker—Is that all?
Goslin—Whatevah do you mean?
Hunker—How heavy is she?
Goslin—Oh I know that exactly. We were both weighed the other day, doncher know, and Mabel—er, I mean Miss Swayback—weighed pwecisely ninety five pounds.
Hunker—Then let us see. Gold is worth $19.35 an ounce, but for this purpose we will assume that is worth twenty dollars.
Goslin (interrupting)—Whatevah do you mean?
Hunker—I'm just making a simple calculation. In ninety five pounds avoirdupois there are 1,520 ounces. These at twenty dollars per ounce would make Miss Swayback worth a few hundred over $30,000.
Goslin—My deah sir, you are pawsitively insulting, and I shall call
Hunker—Not at all. You said she was worth her weight in gold, and I wanted to compare her worth with that of my fiancee. Now Miss Scads is worth $500,000 in stocks, and why, Goslin's gone. I hope he isn't cross.—Philadelphia Press.

Character in Writing Ink.

Did you ever notice what an unfailing criterion as to character the use of the different kinds of ink is? The namby pamby dull and alive, affected and no account sort of person is apt to use the palest kind of writing fluid. The same with the insincere and crafty person and the scheming and selfish seeker after personal ends and advantages. The honest man and the reliable woman use good, well colored ink, the genius and the person blessed with individuality use the blackest ink that flows. Intellectual people are fond of all dark inks and affect violet a good deal. In all my experience I never knew a person with any decided ability or vim to use copying fluid. They like to make a good, sturdy impress of their individuality on everything, the paper they write a message on as well as the times in which they live.

Give me your positive folks every time not afraid to make a distinct impress of themselves in whatever they undertake. Secretive people, over reticent people and absurd players at the delicate game of policy like to hide themselves behind the bewilderments of fine pens and the palest sort of ink. Take the trouble to watch and you will see that what I say is true in the main.—Chicago Herald.

Misunderstood.

He was a well known divine, and he had come to the Tombs in search of material for a sermon upon the hardened and unrepentant criminal. A number of very fine specimens in this line had just returned from receiving their sentences at special sessions, and the minister talked briefly with each of them. The last of the lot was a bright particular star. His specialty was sneak thieving, and after having attained distinction in London as a genius among his class, he determined to come over and experiment on a few American domiciles. His first effort was successful, but three days afterward the wily detectives gathered him in.

The expression which he wore was one of such intense grief that the minister was touched.

"My friend," he remarked, "you must have been through a sad experience?"

The burglar heaved a sigh.

"No," he murmured, in retrospective tones, "it was only a [illegible]."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Killing a Bull Without a Weapon.

Cayetano, the famous Spanish torero, once was strolling across a meadow with a couple of friends when their attention was attracted by an old and infuriated bull which was galloping toward them with lowered head and erect tail. Cayetano had no weapon, not even a cane, but he seized a dustcoat which one of his friends was carrying over his arm. As soon as the bull got close to them, Cayetano bade his companions make their escape while he engaged the animal's attention. Using the coat as a capa, he drove the bull crazy with fury, stepping aside with the deftest agility at each of the animal's charges. In this manner he caused the bull to turn sharply in the midst of its onward rushes, until finally an ominous crack was heard and the bull fell in a heap with its backbone broken by the sudden wrench given by the animal's abrupt swerve.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Draping for a Front Door.

A new form of draping the glass panel in the front door is a deviation from the simple muslin sash curtains. Presume that the glass panel is fifteen inches wide. Down the center, for a space of about six inches wide, is a silk network in a mesh as big as a quarter of a dollar. On each side of this is a length of silk drapery four or five inches wide. This scheme is varied by arranging the network in other forms, in cross stripes or diagonals.—Philadelphia Upholsterer.

When Peter Maher, the Irish champion, knocked out two fairly good men at New York recently in 2m. 10s. he added materially to the good impression he had already made in America. His status will will not be determined, however, until he [illegible]

REVIEW OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Commercial Summary

EXTRAORDINARY EXPORTS MADE

Those for December Were Very Large—Money is Sure to be Plenty—Business Failures of the Week—The Stock Markets

New York, Jan 15. R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say:

The exports in December were probably the largest ever known and overshadow all other features in the commercial situation. They insure ample supplies of money if ever needed but at present the markets are everywhere well supplied except at southern points and better supplied there than a week ago. Treasury disbursements have been large and there is no reason to expect a lack in the supply of money. Another fact of large importance is that the iron output was not diminished in December as is usual owing to the stoppage of furnaces during the holidays but was 189,062 tons weekly against 188,135 December 1 and 167,570 a year ago. The market is fairly active though the enormous output gives buyers an advantage and Alabama and Virginia iron is offered at low prices. There is a fair inquiry for rails and good business in plates while structural mills are well employed through comparatively new orders. Copper is flat and in tin there is little change but lead is weak at $4.20 and the market for coal very dull on account of the extraordinary output.

The wool production last year is estimated as considerably larger than that of the year before, but the stocks on hand are somewhat larger, indicating that the consumption in 1891 has been about the same as in 1890. The market shows no important change. Bad weather checks business at Boston, and dry goods are quiet, wool sales amounting to 3,095,000 pounds, and boots and shoe manufacturers are fairly busy. The trade in leather, hides dull in lumber the movement is steady. At Hartford wool is less active, the grocery trade fair and trade in dry goods and hardware quiet.

At Philadelphia no change appears in the important branches of trade. At Baltimore exports of breadstuffs for the last six months of 1891 were in value $155,903,191, a gain of more than $100,000,000 over last year. Pittsburg reports no change in the iron market, though prices for finished are growing stronger.

At Cincinnati tobacco is in active demand and free orders are noticed for boots and shoes.

At Cleveland trade is larger than a year ago, though in some lines less late and the [illegible] seems to have turned in pig iron and ore. At Chicago sales of dry goods, clothing and shoes are larger than a year ago, some increase is seen in barley, 25 per cent in cattle, a third in flour, corn, oats and hides, while receipts of wheat and dressed beef are [illegible] last year's, but a decrease appears in cured meats lard and cheese, and in wool the receipts are only one half as large as a year ago. Trade at St. Louis is helped by colder weather, also at St. Paul and Milwaukee. At Minneapolis the flour is 178,000 barrels for the week for $110,000 a year ago, and at Duluth in 1891 sales amounted to $90,000,000. At Nashville trade is quiet and money is higher. At Little Rock and Montgomery trade is dull, while at New Orleans cotton shows some improvement and sugar is [illegible] with money in more active demand. [illegible] of business at the south on account of the low price of [illegible]. Cotton fell to 7.5 [illegible] during the week, the lowest price for forty three years, but has since recovered to 7.38, though receipts and stocks are remarkably large. The depression at the south is not relieved by talk at the cotton convention and probably cannot be in any way except by free sales of cotton, which is now held for higher prices.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 287, and for Canada 43, or a total of 330, as compared with totals of 433 last week (eight days), and 320 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 411, representing 360 failures in the United States and 51 in the Dominion of Canada.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Jan 15.—Money closed at 2 per cent., the highest rate. The highest was 2½.

The dealings on the stock exchange this morning showed considerable falling off as compared with those of yesterday. Prices were unsettled and irregular throughout but the changes were, as a rule, confined to fractions. At the opening prices were firm and generally ⅛@¼ per cent. higher than last night's closing, but weakness was soon developed on a pressure to sell Missouri Pacific. In the first half hour under the lead of that stock values fell ¼ to 1. Toward 11 o'clock Northwestern suddenly developed strength and prices rallied under its lead but the improvement was only slight. Lake Shore was the weaker of the second hour. It rose rapidly from 124½ to 123, and rest of the list changed but little from the figures current at 11 o'clock. Among the specialties Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific followed strong, advancing 1 per cent. National cordage was the strongest.

The early break in the other trusts were generally attributable to dissatisfaction with a recently authorized issue of a new stock. London bought 10,000 shares of the various stocks in the first two hours.

The stock market was dull and irregular throughout the afternoon with no decided movement either way. Toward the close there was some covering and prices closed slightly higher in most cases. The sales for the day amounted to 234,1?? shares.

Silver 93¾.

CLOSING PRICES

Atchison	43	Pullman P C	157½
Adams Ex	145	Reading	[illegible]
American Ex	117	Rock Island	81¼
C. B & Q	107¾	U. P	45½
D & H	134¾	U S Ex	50
Del Lack & W	139¾	Wab. St. L. & Pac	13⅛
D. & R. G. pref	45½	Preferred	[illegible]
Ft Wayne	153	Wells Fargo Ex	140
Illinois Central	107¾	Western Union	83½
Lake Shore	122	Lead Trust	19⅜
Mich Central	106	Sugar Trust	80
Mo. Pacific	62¼	Rio Grande West	37½
Northern Pac.	23¾	Preferred	70½
Preferred	67¾	4s [illegible]	116¼
U P D & G	20½	4s Coupons	116½
O & M	22	3s Registered	100
Preferred	55	Pacific 6s of '95	110
Pacific Mail	37½	Chicago Gas	73⅜
Pittsburg	151		

Live Stock Market.

Kansas City, Jan 15.—Cattle Receipts, 8100 shipments, 500. Steers and cows strong, market steady to 10 cents lower, stockers and feeders strong, steers $3.10@4.50 cows, $1.25@3.45; stockers and feeders, $1.75@3.50.

Sensational Affidavits.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—Detective Joseph Wood of Denver left for the east with a batch of sensational affidavits which he declares show clearly that an attempt was made to poison Mrs. Barnaby in San Francisco by parties who could have no connection with Dr Graves. Wood claims that he is sent out here by some of Graves' friends and that Graves does not know that this effort is being made for him. Wood pointed to a [illegible] lying at his side and said: "This contains affidavits which show who is the real murderer of Mrs. Barnaby." One affidavit is made by a servant at Arrow Hot Springs, who heard Mrs. Barnaby's nurse, Mrs. Worrell, say several times that [illegible] die. Mrs. Worrell [illegible] remained with Mrs Barnaby was that she expected to be remembered in the will.

Wood insinuates that this nurse knows who ended Mrs Barnaby's life. He also claims to have an affidavit showing that arsenic was bought for Mrs. Barnaby ostensibly to kill rats. Wood has thirty affidavits in all.

Train Robbers Found Guilty.

Denver, Jan 15.—The trial of the "McCoy" gang for holding up and robbing a Rio Grande train and the United States mail near Cotopaxi Colo. on August 31st last came to a close to-day. Bert Curtis and "Peg Leg" Eldridge were found guilty of the crime charged. Wm. Parry who helped Curtis and Eldridge to hold up the train, was given his freedom for informing against his associates. John Price, Frank Price, Frank Hallack and Thos. McCoy four others of the gang were relieved of the charge of being principals in the crime but are being held as accessories and will be tried later on.

Peg Leg and Curtis have not been sentenced but the penalty for robbing the United States mail in this case is imprisonment for life.

EMILY DICKINSON'S POEMS

These Charming Literary Productions Are Entirely Out of Print

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, Jan 11.—A day or two before Christmas a literary man living in New York being desirous to present to a friend a copy of the poems of Emily Dickinson visited a number of bookstores and was astonished to find that he could not get a single copy. Asking the reason he was told that the demand for these poems had far exceeded the supply. One bookseller said that he could have sold the entire edition over his counters. Another declared that he had laid in a stock which he thought would last for a year and he had sold it out within two days. A third said that he had telegraphed the publishers and they had sent back word that the second edition was exhausted as soon as published.

No such experience as this in the case of an unknown poet has been reported in New York city, at least in the present generation. The poems have been fiercely attacked by the critics, they have been called ungrammatical, incoherent and vague, yet they have touched the popular chord and it looks now as though the sale of them will be something phenomenal.

The great public does not mind if a poem is ungrammatical or is not a well of English undefiled, provided it only touches something in the human heart. When Phoebe Cary wrote the poem beginning "One sweetly solemn thought," she had to endure the attacks of the critics, who pointed out grammatical errors and serious faults of prosody, and these criticisms were undoubtedly well founded, but the critics did not realize that in spite of these technical defects there was a sublime thought in the poem which appealed to the common understanding and powerfully. The people received it, and it has been translated into every civilized and many savage tongues, and is now sung and read the world over.

Whether that will be the fate of any of Miss Dickinson's poems is a question, but they have certainly attained a phenomenal popularity. The career of this singular being suggests in some ways that of the author of "Jane Eyre." A timid, shrinking inexperienced girl, living in a lonely hamlet in the west of England—knowing nothing of life excepting those things her intuition taught her and what she gleaned by reading—wrote in secrecy a story, and sent it to one after another of declining publishers in London. At last one braver than the others, or wiser, published it, and "Jane Eyre" became famous, its author a celebrity, and people marveled that this woman who was almost a child, and who had had no life beyond that of a curate's cottage, could have written that which was destined to become permanent in English literature.

Miss Dickinson seventeen years of age [illegible] her whole life in the little college town of Amherst, Mass. Her father was an instructor in the college, but there were many people in that town who, although they knew that Professor Dickinson had a daughter, yet knew it only by public report. They had never seen her. She seldom ventured beyond her father's dooryard, and for months at a time did not leave the house. Her health though delicate, was not such as to compel such retirement, but she shrank from contact with the world, was of extraordinary timidity, and in many things seemed a mere child.

She found her companions between the covers of her father's books. She knew the heroes of old, and let her imagination rest upon them until they seemed akin at all to her. She knew American and English literature as few scholars know them, and she peopled her imagination with the creations of the greatest masters of romance and fiction, and dwelt with them rather than the human beings who were living about her.

Some years ago Miss Dickinson sent a few of her poems to the Cambridge critics and poets. Mr. Longfellow read some of them in manuscript, and so did Thomas Wentworth Higginson. They saw the defects, but they saw the inspiration which compelled the writing of them, and they gave the girl encouragement. Mr. Higginson, being inspired by something of curiosity as well as admiration, sought to meet the girl, and he found her a timid recluse, whose strange habit of life could be explained neither by herself nor by her family.

Miss Dickinson died a year or so ago and then were published the poems which have created something like amazement, a great deal of criticism and an unquestioned popularity. They are the song of a veritable hermit, the pleadings of one whose life had been introspective, and they reveal that strangeness of sentiment which seclusion is sure to produce. But after all the common chord has been struck in some of them and if they are not accepted as poems of the first rank, they will always be regarded as curiosities of literature, as have been the forgeries of Chatterton, and in some respects as "Jane Eyre" has ever been esteemed.

E. J. Edwards.

Longstreet in Peace.

[Special Correspondence.]

Atlanta, Jan. 11.—Few even of his old division would recognize General Longstreet now. The grim, stubborn, baffling fighter of Chancellorsville, Sharpsburg (Antietam), Gettysburg and the Wilderness is now a mild, peaceful looking, white haired and white whiskered old gentleman.

General Longstreet has suffered severe losses. His fine house in Washington, Ga., was burned to the ground, and his swords, papers and many valuable relics were lost. More recently he suffered a greater affliction in the loss of his beloved wife, a shock which has done more to age him than all the results of war and time. It was a touching sight to see the meeting between General Joseph E. Johnston and General Longstreet in the rotunda of the Kimball House about the period above referred to. One was still bowed under the weight of his recent heavy affliction, the other was soon shortly to die.

As they shook hands amid the crowd which surrounded them, the building shook with cheers. Two old and tried comrades had grasped each other's hand for the last time in life. It was their last meeting, and the scene touched the least sympathetic man there present. Longstreet has lost little of his erectness of carriage, and traces of his old time fire and tenacity of purpose are still visible, but age and grief for the loss of his wife are beginning to tell upon him, and soon he will be glad, doubtless, to join his gallant comrades "on the other shore," though the whole South [illegible] south today but wishes him many long and happy years of that peace which he so earnestly advocated when the war was over, and that prosperity which he has striven so earnestly to attain. G. J.

[illegible]

M. I. DeCOURSEY, Real Estate Agent!

AGENT FOR SALE OF LOTS IN
Parrish's Addition, Broadmoor,
West End Addition, Nob Hill,
D. Russ Wood Addition, Calvert Heights,
Beacon Hill Addition, Colorado City,
Walnut Addition, Manitou,
Orrin's Addition, La Vergne,
Roswell Addition, North End Addition,
Loomis' Addition, Edwards Addition.
A lovely Country Estate near town
The best Corner Lots in the City.
The best Business Lots in the City.
I have some great bargains, both large and small.
I have houses for rent and for sale. I have money to loan.
I can effect insurance in the best companies at the best rates.
Office 12½ South Tejon Street, Colorado Springs Colo.

GRAND CLEARING SALE!

Great Bargains. Goods at Cost.

Commencing January 1st, 1892, we will sell all CHAMBER Suites that cost $25 and upwards at ACTUAL COST. Also a very large variety of other goods will be sold at absolute cost.

This Sale is for CASH, and will be continued until all are closed up.

To aid this special sale a reduction will be made in the price of all other articles.

If you desire to save a dollar, or several of them, here is the opportunity and NOW IS THE TIME. Respectfully,

HARDY BROTHERS.

30 Pike's Peak Avenue.

NEW HATS Just Received.

L. E. Dwinell & Co
Insurance and Real Estate.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Notary Public.
[illegible]
ROOM 11, [illegible] BANK BUILDING,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

VISIT AIKEN'S MUSEUM For Christmas Goods.

Prices Very Low.

IVYWILD!

With its natural advantages is fast coming to the front in a wide place. Everybody is [illegible] with it. Secure a lot now or you will [illegible]. The sales have been large lately [illegible] month. A number of fine houses are being erected and [illegible] completed. The lots are large from 100 to 112 feet front by 175 to 300 feet in depth. [illegible] low rate of interest [illegible].
We have a house of 7 rooms, good cellar; on North [illegible] street for only $1,700.
New 3 room house in La Vergne for $1,200; will trade for good work horses.
Corner lot on Cucharas street, inside of railroad, small house $1,300.
A fine garden tract for sale at a bargain.
House of 5 rooms, lot 50x150, West Colorado Springs for $2,000; good location, $500 cash; balance monthly payments.

A. HEMENWAY, 103 E. Huerfano St.

E. F. WELLES & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FINE CARRIAGES!

AND

Horse Goods of Every Description.

English and American Saddles and Bridles, Turf Goods, Whips, Clops, Bits, Spurs, Horse Boots, Robes, Blankets, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Oils, Leather and Saddlery Hardware.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Hand-made Harness from Pure Oak-tanned Leather.

All kinds of Strap work. Everything in [illegible]. We Invite Your Inspection.

E. F. WELLES & CO.,

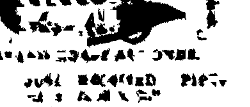
113 and 115 North Tejon St. [illegible]

TABLE BOARD

You'll find at The Alta Vista a pleasant dining room, efficient service and a menu that is not excelled in this city. The markets are carefully watched, and only the best of all that's good is prepared under the direction of a competent chef and placed before the guests. If you wish to engage board for a week or permanently The Alta Vista can accommodate you.

EDWARD W. KENT,
Colorado Springs, Proprietor.

A. F. BROEGE,
Merchant Tailor.
New Line Fall Goods in, French and German Novelties just received.
21 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE
AT WAYNE [illegible]



[illegible] JUST RECEIVED [illegible]
Latest thing in [illegible]
[illegible] DRUG STORE.

W. H. LLOYD,
AGENT FOR THE
Western Smoke Preventer.
Have just put one of the [illegible] in the Bank Building, which is giving complete satisfaction. Over [illegible] now in use in Chicago.
25 SOUTH CASCADE AVE

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP, JAN. 1st, 1892.

By mutual consent, the firm of Stark & Tinsey is this day dissolved. All persons indebted against said firm are requested [illegible] the same for payment, and those owing [illegible] call and settle their accounts.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

Mr. E. B. Stark and Mr. Wm. E. Ninsey have this day formed a partnership under the firm name of Stark & Ninsey. Mr. [illegible] past three years has been in the [illegible] of Stark & Tinsey is familiar with the [illegible] wants of their patrons and [illegible] assure all who favor them with their patronage that they will [illegible] their utmost [illegible] merit the same.
A full line of fresh [illegible] fruits, and vegetables [illegible] that can be procured.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CANDIES AT GOUGH'S

[illegible]

THOMAS GOUGH, [illegible]

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

One year.......$[illegible] 00 | Six months..... [illegible] 00
Three months.... 2 50 | One month........ 1 00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

One year........$1 50 | Six months......... 75

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application to the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

Subscribers having advertisements in the paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be promptly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.
No claims are allowed against employes of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.
All advertisements for the Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.
Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

H. A. RISLEY.
Manager of the Gazette.

The handsomest New Year's edition so far received by THE GAZETTE for 1892 is the St. Joseph Daily News. It is handsomely printed on calendared paper, and the illustrations are magnificent, being photogravures and zinc etchings. Mr. C. M. Shultz, the managing editor, visited in Colorado Springs last summer where he made many friends.

A SILVER COMMISSION.

The resolution introduced by Senator Teller for the appointment of a commission to visit Europe for the purpose of inducing other governments to agree to the re-establishment of silver as a money metal on a parity with gold, is a good step in the right direction. It would be still farther progress in that direction if the bill should become a law and the commission representing the government of this country should visit Europe for the purpose. There is scarcely any doubt that many of the European nations would be glad to make an international agreement of this kind, provided that there were enough to go into the scheme to secure its success.

There is no nation of the earth, not even the United States that can stand alone in this matter. If we were shut in from all the other nations of the world or if we occupied the planet alone, we could then arrange our financial system to suit ourselves, and what other people said would make no difference and what they thought we would not know. But as long as we are a commercial nation; as long as we are selling some kinds of goods and products and buying others; as long as we are already in debt to other nations for money expended in the defense of our national existence or in the improvement of our national domain and as long as we hope to get much more money from the same sources for the same purposes, we are obliged to consider the opinions and the practice of people in other lands than ours.

THE GAZETTE is thoroughly convinced that the effect of a free coinage bill in the United States at the present time would be to advance gold to a premium and to put the business of the country on a single standard silver basis. Free coinage would not change the purchasing power, the real worth, of an ounce of silver. Silver would undoubtedly advance to $1.00 an ounce, but that dollar and those cents would be worth only seven-tenths of their former value. Every article of merchandise would be advanced in price to correspond with the short dollar, and until the price of labor was also changed to suit the changed condition of affairs the workingmen would receive their wages in dollars which would buy only seventy cents worth of goods or food. A great deal has been said of the advantage to Colorado miners from the free coinage of silver. If a miner is engaged at a rate of three dollars a day, and a law is passed whereby the mine owner can take seventy cents' worth of silver to the treasury and get it marked a dollar, and can pay his workmen a day's wages with two dollars and ten cents' worth of silver, where is the benefit to the laborer? Does he not lose ninety cents on every day's work?

The only thing that can make silver more valuable is to increase the demand for it. Solitary free coinage would not do this. The millions stored in the treasury vaults are a proof that there is nothing to be gained by free coinage in the United States. We have more silver now than we can use for money purposes. Anyone who wishes can get silver for gold, or silver for bank notes, or silver for greenbacks, silver for any other money equivalent, and the United States treasury will be very glad to make the change. He can not get a dollar for nothing, and that miracle will not be accomplished by free coinage. It can only give him a seventy cent dollar for seventy cents worth of silver. The new dollar may be divided into one-hundred parts, and each part may be called a cent, but in real worth and purchasing power the new cent will be equal to seven-tenths of the old one.

The adoption of free coinage by international agreement would probably increase the demand for silver to such an extent as to make it and keep it at par with gold at a reasonable rate, and to this reasonable end the friends of silver should direct their efforts. There are at least some reasons for believing that such a commission as the one proposed by Senator Teller would be successful in its efforts. True there have been plenty of failures among the men sent to ask the opinions of prominent men in European countries about this matter, but there is quite a difference between saying, "What do you think about this?" and saying, "Will you join the United States, whose accredited agents we are, in the remonetization of silver?"

Recent developments in congress go to show that the opposition to free coinage among the Democrats is much greater than was supposed. The gains in the west would be much more than balanced by the losses in the east if such a policy were avowed. It is by no means certain, whatever may be the record of the present congress, that the success of the Democrats in the coming election would mean the immediate passage of a free silver bill. There is more and more of a disposition to postpone the matter, and there is some talk from Democratic sources of an international silver conference in Chicago while the fair is in progress. Senator Teller's bill may be only intended to give to the bi-metallists, who are opposed to solitary free coinage an opportunity to do something in support of their theories, or it may be that the senator himself, as an intelligent man, sees the danger of the plan which the sentiments of a large majority of his constituents force him to advocate, and while voicing the wish of the Colorado papers, he is glad to propose a measure of greater benefit to silver and to the silver state than would be a free coinage law.

At any rate the bill is a good step in the right direction. We hope that it will pass both houses and that the silver commission will be successful in inducing the nations of Europe to join with the United States in resuming the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

THE SUNDAY GAZETTE.

A special feature of to-morrow's paper will be a short story by Stanley J. Weyman, entitled, "A Mean White." It is a story of adventure and heroism in modern Egypt, and will be found to be of thrilling interest. There will also be a good ghost story entitled, "The Hosier's Ghost."

The European correspondence includes a letter on the famous wine tester of the Bremen rathskeller, and a letter regarding the student days of the present German emperor.

Anything relating to the American navy is of especial interest just at present and Victor Sims' article on the new monitor, Miantonomoh and her sister ships will be found to contain much useful information concerning these oldest and latest types of ironclads.

An article entitled, "Noted Women's Doubles," tells of some of the strange resemblances of unknown to well known people of which we have all had some experience.

Hon. Carrol D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, tells of his bureau and the great work which it is accomplishing for the benefit of the working man.

Thomas Donnelly, under the pseudonym of Samoth Yllennod, writes of "A White Haired Patriot" and the forthcoming celebration of the ninetieth birthday of Kossuth.

Mr. Nye telegraphs from Asheville, N. C., that he is painfully, though not dangerously, ill there, and will not therefore be able to furnish his usual letter this week. Occasion is therefore taken to offer the readers of this paper an appreciative sketch of the humorist from the pen of Mr. E. J. Edwards.

Events of unusual importance have taken place in Europe in the past week and the cable letters are expected to be of unusual interest.

Our local editor has an unusually good assortment of "Fleeting Show" articles in his drawer ready for publication. These stories and incidents are new and genuine happenings in this city and not jokes from eastern papers reprinted without credit.

In this connection we wish to remark that the SUNDAY GAZETTE IS THE BEST PAPER FOR COLORADO SPRINGS PEOPLE.

RELIGIOUS WORLD.

Notes and Comments by the Rev. James [illegible]

Dr. Pentecost, who has been for a year or more in India, is contributing to the New York Independent an interesting series of articles on the spread of Christianity in India. From a recent article of his we copy the following: It is common for superficial observers to speak of the progress of Christianity in India as painful and discouragingly slow; nay, it is common for missionaries themselves to lament the fewness of their converts and the comparative immovability of the Indian heart and conscience toward God. But to judge of the power and progress of Christianity in India by the comparatively few native Christians to be met with would be as great a mistake as to suppose that because there are no more than one hundred thousand English soldiers and civilians together, therefore British rule was not firmly established.

To-day the low-caste boy, even the son of a sweeper (the very lowest of the low castes) and the son of the Brahman sit together in the same schoolroom, engage with each other in the common sports of the school or college. The railway trains are crowded with thousands of men of all castes and no caste, and no thought is taken of it; whereas at the time of the introduction of the railway system into India separate carriages had to be provided for the different castes. A hundred years ago the Brahman was the protected and privileged caste; he did no work, followed no occupation except to receive the gifts and offerings of the people. He was not only a favored man and entirely supported by the people, but he was a god and must needs be worshipped. Even fifty years ago it was a common thing for men of other castes to prostrate themselves on the ground and openly worship a Brahman. Now Sir Brahman has ceased both to be a god and a supported man, except in the comparatively few cases where he still is the guru, or houshold teacher, or a priest actually serving in a temple. Brahmans to-day have to work for their living like other people, and are by hundreds and thousands performing the smallest offices in the employ of the government and private business establishments on salaries ranging from 26 to $20 a month, and count themselves happy if they can secure such positions. Moreover, they have to compete for their bread with the boys and men of the lower and even the lowest castes who come up from the school and college as well as they and demand employment. It is true that caste is the chief outward obstacle to the open spread of Christianity in India to-day; but it is safe to say that all the out-works of caste have been taken, and it is to-day fighting for life in the very keep of its castle. It has been steadily beaten back until it has retreated to its last stronghold, and the siege is so hot and the investment so straight that it is only a question of time when this great master device of Satan will be surrendered. Already the desertions from caste, even the highest, are more and more numerous; and where it is not abandoned altogether its bands are being loosened and its restrictions more and more minimized. It does not require that one be a prophet to foretell the utter collapse of the whole system within the next fifty years. For myself I do not believe it will last out another twenty-five.

* * *

The series of meetings now in progress at the Calvary Protestant Episcopal church in New York city merits attention as indicating another step in the "forward movement," especially in a denomination which has been largely characterized by formalism. The "Advent Mission" began its work on the 5th inst., and is to close on the 16th inst. It has been under the control of Bishop Dudley, of Kentucky, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Van de Water, of this city. The rector, the Rev. Dr. Satterlee, has been present at all the meetings, but not in his official capacity. The daily meetings consist of a communion service at 8 a. m.; service of morning prayers at 9; an address by Bishop Dudley at noon; a service for children at 3:30; a short service at 4:30, with an address on "Christian Living," by Dr. Van de Water; an intercessory prayer meeting at 7:30, and the mission service at 8 p. m., at which Bishop Dudley makes his appeal to the impenitent. Written requests for special prayer, deposited in a box placed in the vestibule, are read at the prayer meeting, and some of these anonymous communications are very touching and impressive.

The attendance at the mission service is very large and the deep interest of each successive audience has been shown by the manifest reluctance of the people to retire after the sermon. Several hundred remain after the concluding hymn for the "after-meeting." Bishop Dudley leaves the pulpit and, divested of his white gown, descends to the main aisle and exhorts the eager listeners informally, but with great earnestness, to accept Christ and to begin at once the Christian life. After the singing of the familiar hymns such as "Just as I Am," "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and the like another opportunity is offered for persons not wishing to converse personally with the clergy to retire from the house. At the second after-meeting the bishop and the assisting clergy go from pew to pew and kneel beside each individual for conversation and prayer, except where the individual shows an unwillingness to respond. The meeting closes at or before 10 o'clock. The "missioner," Bishop Dudley, publicly invites all who desire to talk with him on religious matters to meet him after the noonday service; and Dr. Van de Water is in attendance for the same purpose at a later hour.

These meetings differ but little from the revival meetings held by Methodist and other churches. There is no shouting and there are no signs of excitement other than the deep feeling manifested quietly by kneeling men and weeping women.

* * *

No article in the January magazines is more significant or gratifying in its information than that in Harper's on the Neo-Christian movement in France, by the Vicomte Eugene Melchior de Vogue. He describes how the old Voltairianism of the middle classes, the scientific disdain of the studions, and the coarse naturalism of the literary men have entirely failed to kill the spiritual aspirations of the young Frenchmen, and by incontestable proof he shows how they are groping their way back toward idealism in art and literature and a heart religion pure and undefiled. He says:

One of the first symptoms is a sympathetic curiosity for religious questions and for that whole order of ideas which the elder generations set aside with contempt as old wives' tales. In the new laws revealed by the sciences of mind and of nature the young French thinkers are disposed to look for that which can confirm the ancient intuitions of theology, and to continue under other names the traditions of wherein the wisdom of the past has been concentrated. It is not long since it would have raised a smile in the French high schools if anybody had invoked the authority of Saint Thomas Aquinas in order to corroborate a fact of experimental psychology. Nowadays such comparisons are welcomed and make men reflect. The movement in this direction grows stronger in proportion with the reaction against the philosophic ideas of the eighteenth century. The professors who are most eagerly listened to are those who, like MM. Brunetiere and Faguet, battle with a sort of irritation against the spirit of the eighteenth century, and not unfrequently go back to Christian sources in order to support their independent conclusions. These tendencies have changed the mutual relations of the students in all the French high schools. The majority, who have no fixed reliefs, show a quite new toleration and kindly feeling toward the openly Catholic minority. These latter no longer need courage in order to affirm their faith and practice it. On the contrary, by a characteristic reaction, it is the antiquated sarcasms of Voltairianism that are nowadays received with smiles and shrugging of the shoulders. Disrespectful attacks upon religion irritate the young Frenchmen of the present day as something old-fashioned, and as an evidence of bad taste and weakmindedness. It is a considerable sign in France when ridicule changes its object and passes from one camp to the other. The humor of opposition natural to youth has some share in this change of attitude. When the government was clerical the young men thought it their bounden duty to be sacrilegious; since the government has taken to ill-treating the church the young men have conceived a liking for the victim.

We must also take into account the religious side of that sentiment which now for some time past has taken the first place in the hearts and minds; I mean socialism. Here, again, the influence of the Russian novelists, together with the great current of pity which they have brought into literature, has played a preponderating role. This "religion of human suffering" has made numerous adepts; for want of a more definite faith many hearts have sought refuge there. Men's minds were thus prepared to be beset by that social question which historical circumstances were about to bring to the front, and which at the present moment takes precedence over all other problems in Europe.

WESTERN BREVITIES.

Prize fighting has been prohibited in the town of Aspen.

The Meeker flour mill has already turned out over 100,000 pounds of flour.

A University Extension club has been organized in Greeley with seventy-five members. This is the first in the west.

The Alamosa Independent-Journal has changed hands, Colonel Mix retiring and thus disposing of the late financial trouble.

The Farmers' Alliance at Moffat are contemplating the [illegible] to store grain, and [illegible] on the subtreasury plan. This will enable them to hold their crops till they will bring a reasonable price.

HAIR ON THE FACE

MANY UNITED STATES SENATORS WEAR BEARDS.

The New Senator from Kansas Raised the Hopes of the Smooth Faced Men. Side Whiskers—Hair on the Chin and Hair on the Upper Lip.

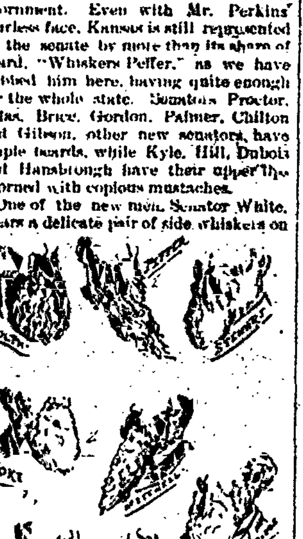
[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—When Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, took his seat in the senate a few days ago some one said the beardless men were still coming to the front, and that the day was fast approaching when a great majority of the public men of this country would wear their faces bare, as in the good old days of the swallowtailed coat and frilled shirt front. I am sorry to say this remark is not borne out by the facts. It is true that in the house of representatives a large number of beardless men have recently made their appearance. The fact that 1890, the year in which this house was elected, was a "smooth faced year" has become historic; by some strange coincidence, in nearly every instance in which a bearded man and a smooth faced man were pitted against each other in the congressional contests the latter was the victor. But the mysterious influence or chance which thus influenced the popular elections has not as yet extended the scope of its operations to the United States senate.

THE PAST AND THE PRESENT.

Of seventeen men who have taken seats in the senate within a month, only two have smooth faces—Irby, of South Carolina, and Perkins, of Kansas. As if to emphasize the fact that the country is not drifting toward beardlessness, many of the new senators are more or less noted for the abundance of their hirsute adornment. Even with Mr. Perkins' hairless face, Kansas is still represented in the senate by more than its share of beard. "Whiskers Peffer," as we have dubbed him here, having quite enough for the whole state. Senators Proctor, Vilas, Brice, Gordon, Palmer, Chilton and Gibson, other new senators, have ample beards, while Kyle, Hill, Dubois and Hansbrough have their upper lips adorned with copious mustaches.

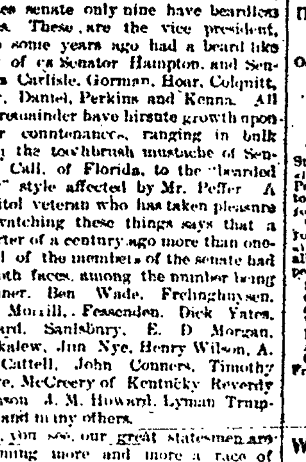
One of the new men, Senator White, wears a delicate pair of side whiskers on a face noted for its large superficial area. If we were to compare the new faces with the faces of the men whom the new senators succeed—smooth faced Reagan, Payne, Evarts and Wilson of Maryland, and light bearded Spooner, Ingalls and Pierce—we should find a large balance in favor of beards. To be sure, we have lost the patriarchal chin whiskers of Brown, of Georgia, the flowing "sideboards" of Wade Hampton and the full beard of George F. Edmunds; but nevertheless the United States senate now contains a larger quantity and a greater variety of beards than ever before in its history. We are drifting farther and farther from the ideal senatorial face—the hairless, clean, clear cut Roman type which was so common fifty and even twenty-five years ago.



SOME SENATORIAL BEARDS.

It is a remarkable fact that of eighty-nine men now sitting in the United States senate only nine have beardless faces. These are the vice president, who some years ago had a beard like that of ex-Senator Hampton, and Senators Carlisle, Gorman, Hoar, Colquitt, Irby, Daniel, Perkins and Kenna. All the remainder have hirsute growth upon their countenances, ranging in bulk from the toothbrush mustache of Senator Call, of Florida, to the "bearded lady" style affected by Mr. Peffer. A Capitol veteran who has taken pleasure in watching these things says that a quarter of a century ago more than one-third of the members of the senate had smooth faces, among the number being Sumner, Ben Wade, Frelinghuysen, Lot Morrill, Fessenden, Dick Yates, Bayard, Saulsbury, E. D. Morgan, Buckalew, Jim Nye, Henry Wilson, A. G. Cattell, John Conners, Timothy Howe, McCreery of Kentucky, Reverdy Johnson, J. M. Howard, Lyman Trumbull and many others.

So, you see, our great statesmen are becoming more and more a race of bearded men. Fifty years ago a composite photograph of United States senators would have shown a type without hair except upon the head. Twenty-five years ago the picture would have had small side growth and faintly marked throat whiskers, just creeping up the chin. Now a senatorial composite would result in a face with a conglomerate mass of hair on every part, cheeks, upper lip, chin and throat.



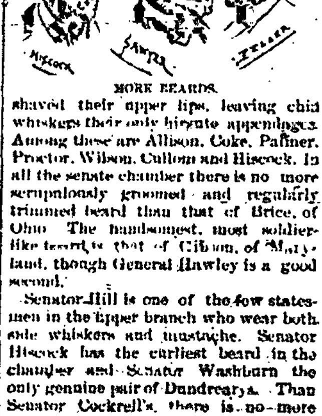
MUSTACHES, "SIDES," ETC.

The rise of the mustache in this country has been rapid and all conquering, if we may judge by appearances on the senate floor. A quarter of a century ago, it is said, there was not one mustache in the senate. Now sixty out of eighty-eight senators wear more or less hair on their upper lips, Joe Blackburn and Mr. Hansbrough having the largest crops.

Would you believe that beards are geographically distributed—that sections of the country have their distinctive types? Well, it is so. Take, for instance, the vast, new region west of the Mississippi. Here is where you find the big beards, the men who have been too busy conquering the wilderness or disemboweling the earth of her riches to shave their faces, and who now find early habits stronger than any desires which they may have acquired in public life. It is from this region that come such beards as those of Peffer, Cockrell, Mitchell, Dolph, Stewart, Jones of Nevada, Jones of Arkansas, Coke and Chilton of Texas and Stanford. Nearly all the big beards in the senate are from this transmississippi region. In fact, the only exception is that of Stockbridge of Michigan.

Again the smooth faced men are largely from the southern states or the states in the border belt between north and south. Gorman, Carlisle, Irby, Kenna, Colquitt and Daniel are the beardless representatives of this region, leaving only Hoar and Perkins as smooth faced senatorial representatives from the north.

As if in protest against the mustache as somewhat frivolous in a dignified senator, a number of senators have shaved their upper lips, leaving chin whiskers their only hirsute appendages. Among these are Allison, Coke, Palmer, Proctor, Wilson, Cullom and Hiscock. In all the senate chamber there is no more scrupulously groomed and regularly trimmed beard than that of Brice, of Ohio. The handsomest, most soldier-like beard is that of Gibson, of Maryland, though General Hawley is a good second.



MORE BEARDS.

Senator Hill is one of the few statesmen in the upper branch who wear both side whiskers and mustache. Senator Hiscock has the curliest beard in the chamber and Senator Washburn the only genuine pair of Dundrearys. Than Senator Cockrell's, there is no more straggly set of whiskers in the Capitol. Senator Harris' rather fierce looking mustache is as white as snow. In no senatorial beard is there more character than in Dan Voorhees', a beard by which the owner would be known among a million, even if nothing but his beard were found after an explosion. It is a fighting beard, too, grim and savage. Senator Manderson also has a beard that is full of character—precise, orderly, rational, cautious.

Senator Dixon's sideburns are aristocratic, like himself, while Senator Morrill's white side whiskers are of ancient type, handsome, studious, eminently respectable. By the way, why should we not have, in this land of fads, a fad reduced to the pretense of science, as all fads are, which shall be able to read character in beards? And would there be a better or more interesting place in which to apply this new philosophy than among the grave and bewhiskered senators of the United States senate?

WALTER WELLMAN.

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STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
Colorado Springs, Colo., Jan. 7, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Broadmoor Land and Investment Company for the election of a board of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may arise will be held at the office of the company, Gazette building Colorado Springs, Colo., on Saturday, the 16th day of January 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day.
WILLIAM J. WILLCOX, Secretary.

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Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The El Paso Livery company for the election of a board of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may arise will be held at the office of the company at Manitou, Colo. on Monday January 25th, 1892, at 10 a. m.
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NYM CRINKLE WRITES.

A Philosophic Review of New York Dramatic Events.

ITALIAN OPERA MISSES SUCCESS.

Musical Critics Are So Saturated with Wagnerian Orchestration That Soulful Singing Goes Unappreciated — "Alabama's" Refinement Contrasted with the Coarseness of "Blue Jeans."

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—I'm afraid the attempt to revive an Italian opera furore in New York city is very much such an experiment as the attempt to revive the furore over Dutch tulips or French crinoline would be. Opera has its fashions like other things.

It was generally expected that the lovers of the old school of opera would come to the front with their pens. But the fact is that all the musical pens that can command vehicles of expression belong to the new or German school.

Musical criticism in New York is Wagnerian, whatever the opera may for the time being be.

The only possible objection to these writers is that they are musicians, not connoisseurs. They deal with the lyric drama very much as scholasticism in the Middle Ages dealt with religion. That is to say, they have constructed a musical theology and split technical and doctrinal hairs over an emotional experience.

They have imported into that which ought to be a sensuous delight an amount of mathematical priggism that makes a criticism on opera read like a trial for heresy.

They remind me of a lot of doctors always performing auscultation on Wagner. They keep their ears down at his ribs, pressed hard, listening for a new bruit, and some good music goes by unheard.

The Italian opera has not been "whooped up" from the scholastic and transcendental side. I don't know indeed how it could be, and the patrons on upper Fifth avenue who cannot tell a demiquaver from a demijohn have yawned a little and expressed a fear that it lacks intellectual clang.

"The main difficulty with the Italian performance of Wagner's 'Lohengrin,'" said a morning critic, "was that nobody seemed to be able to free himself from the old fashioned notion that he was there to sing."

This is a fair summary of the indictment of the doctors. The infernal Italians will sing and the orchestra has no show.

There is one disadvantage in the fine Tuscan throat—it cannot stand the New York climate. Now a German soprano who has had five years of Wagner regards the grip as an incident. The muscles of her throat have been hardened to a point where nothing short of an American composition by Jerome Hopkins would throw them out of gear.

Mme. Patti may be said to be literally kept in cotton for fear of influenza. And with all the precautions, she asserts the Italian opera singer's prerogative and disappoints her audience on the first night. You never can tell at 8 o'clock whether she will give you the "Traviata" or a doctor's certificate, for she keeps both handy.

I suppose the marvelous preservation of this singer's voice is due in no small measure to her marvelous [illegible] of herself. She eats, drinks, sleeps and exercises with sole reference to her throat. Her soul may be said to be in her glottis. For twenty-three and a half hours out of the twenty-four she is incased in the amber of Nicolini's solicitude. Then for half an hour she is the prima donna.

But I suppose it is worth while to keep a voice in cotton, where every breath is a bonanza.

Patti has succeeded in spite of the age in preserving that old time exclusiveness which lent such an air of mystery to the prima donna and the actress. She never appears in public except professionally. No one ever sees her except in the glamour of the footlights. She snaps her fingers at society. She is guarded like the sultan's favorite. She is a prisoner in her hotel boudoir.

This sort of thing is almost as old fashioned as Italian opera itself.

You remember how Leigh Hunt and Charles Lamb advised actors never to be seen in the boxes of a theater, but to keep themselves out of sight and not destroy the charm and illusion of their stage life. They used to do this years ago, but not now. The public is as familiar with them as any other class of professionals. There are half a dozen actors' clubs in town where you can go and meet them without any difficulty. There are more than that number of resorts on Broadway where you can always catch them after hours. You will find them in hordes at the professional matinees, at the entrance to which there assemble all the idle men to point them out. They walk in the promenade cheek by jowl with fashion. They [illegible] up at the counter and eat their doughnuts at Purcell's, and drink their chocolate at Maillard's, and do their their half dozen raw at Dorlon's.

It was only the other day that the Twelfth Night club gave a reception. It is made up of the youngest actresses in the profession, and very nice and dainty they are. But their clubrooms were jammed and society was tickled to have these art maidens play the host.

What amused me was their mimicry of the Players' club and the Lambs, with their punch bowl and loving cup and smoking room. Fancy Miss Selina Fetter and Effie Shannon, and that demure Georgia Cayvan, and the Indi[illegible] Alice Fischer, passing the loving cup.

How the club is going to preserve its immaculate character and draw the line at membership beats me. There must be fun when a new member is proposed. "Oh, dear, no; we can't admit her, you know." And, "If she comes in, then I resign," etc.

The problem of all Bohemian clubs from time immemorial is where to draw the line, and it is generally solved in the end by not drawing any.

Isn't the punch bowl racket in a woman's club something like Miss Prescott's performance of Iago at the Union Square? I saw that performance. It reminded me of a woman trying to sharpen a lead pencil. Do you know why it is men always imitate women better than women imitate men? It is because men cover their legs with skirts and women uncover them. A woman can imitate a man with her arms, but she never can with her knees.

"Alabama" continues to be the play of the period, but not of the populace. If you want to see the people's play you must go to the Fourteenth Street theater (still smelling of the shamrock and brogans that Scanlan drew there) and see "Blue Jeans."

It is difficult to speak of a hyacinth and a horse collar in the same breath, but when they do get into the same category it is allowable to contrast them. I have been amazed at the amount of cheap commotion that the public will take in a play like "Blue Jeans," if you only shake some apple blossoms at them. It's like the woman in the spectacle. You know she is a goddess because she has her skirts looped up at the knee. You know "Blue Jeans" is good because the rather coarse soubrette that plays it says so. She uses slang continually, puts her fingers on her nose, has a scrap with her rival, and she says to her husband, "I can 'do' her if you can git away with the deputy sheriff." I believe this has been called "idyllic" in the persimmon district.

It is always more popular to pull the chair from under the man who is going to sit down than it is to refrain from doing so.

The abiding merit of such plays as "Alabama" and "The Lost Paradise" is that their makers waited to see what the author of "Blue Jeans" would do and then scrupulously avoided doing it themselves.

Mme Modjeska, who opens here at the somewhat isolated Union Square theater, comes with a new play which, like most of her new plays, is Russian, and is shoved into her full hand like a trick card.

Barn storming has rubbed the fine edge off Modjeska. The last time she appeared here she reminded me of a Corinthian antique. Something of her original charm was gone. It always was difficult to tell what that charm was but originally it was potently there, and gave an ethereal grace to her Rosalind and an unmistakable psychic interest to her Camille. With the single exception of Mlle. Hading's Camille, I used to think that Modjeska's was the most excusable I ever saw. It so easily surmounted the atmosphere of the sickroom and so daintily discriminated in the matter of the woman who loves too much. There is, as one pharmaceutical critic said, a smell of camphor about Clara Morris' Camille, always.

Not long ago I was talking to a New York manager and I asked him what he considered the best play in the modern repertory.

"My dear fellow," he replied, "there are, from the manager's point of view, only two plays in the modern repertory, 'The Lady of Lyons' and 'Camille.' Just as there are only two interesting facts in life—a marriage and a death."

I should like to write a book of managers' philosophy. In this whirlwind summary, what has become of "East Lynne" and "The School for Scandal?"

The week closed uneventfully. "Mignon" at the Metropolitan was the weakest card of the season. Even the Wagner critics treated it with brief disdain and Scalchi walked off with the honors that belonged to Van Zandt. The performance reminded me of Thackeray's observation on the heroine—"she went on cutting bread and butter."

But let us compose ourselves. I hear the swish of Mrs. Kendal's approaching skirts.

NYM CRINKLE.

Jumper Joe Darby.

JOE DARBY.

Joseph Darby, of Dudley, England, the world's champion all around jumper, has decided to come to this country next spring in search of fresh conquests and American dollars. Darby is universally admitted to be the peer of any jumper in England, Australia or America, the three great centers of athletics. The many wonderful feats accomplished by this phenomenal jumper would, if given in detail, fill a volume. He has vanquished all aspirants for championship honors with the utmost ease, and he elevates a world's record nearly every time he gives a public exhibition of his wonderful powers. The following are a few of the many records placed to the credit of Darby: Two standing jumps, with weights, 28 ft. 6 in., Glasgow, Scotland, Dec. 3, 1880; three standing jumps, weights, 41 ft. 7 in., London, Nov. 6, 1885; five standing jumps, weights, 71 ft. 3 in.; without weights, 61 ft. 3½ in.; one jump, without weights, 12 ft. 1¼ in., Dudley, May 28, 1890; seven standing jumps, weights, 90 ft. 4 in., Manchester, July 2, 1887. On Dec. 5, at Glasgow, with ankles firmly bound together, he cleared 5 ft. 9 in. in a standing high jump without the aid of weights, which set the seal on his fame as champion all around jumper of the world. Darby has had a standing challenge for three years to give any man in the world 20 feet in twenty jumps for from $1,000 to $5,000 a side, which has never been accepted.

Bicyclist H. C. Tyler.

A young American wheelman who by pluck and natural qualifications forced his way to the front during the last bicycling season was H. C. Tyler, of Needham, Mass. His career as a racing man has been short, but he already holds the world's half mile record of 1m. 6s., which was made at Springfield, Mass., Oct. 17, 1891. This feat was glory enough for one season, but it was not Tyler's only notable performance. His work at Cincinnati, Detroit and other places during the year past stamped him as a rider of the first rank.

H. C. TYLER.

Wheelmen all look upon Tyler as one of the coming men, and great achievements are expected of him during the season of 1892.

One of the most popular pugilists in America today is Jim Corbett, the ex-banker, whose pleasing social characteristics have earned for him the title of the "gentleman pugilist."

John Owen, Jr., the world's swiftest sprinter, whose 100 yards in 9⅘ seconds is still a record, will take to the path again next season. Owen is a member of the Detroit Athletic club.

Members of the Lincoln Cycling club, of Chicago, rode about 50,000 miles during the last bicycling season.

A Remarkable Medal.

A gentleman of Canajoharie, N. Y., has a remarkably fine brass medal from an Indian grave there. It is about an inch in length, and has on one side the head of Christ, with the words "Salvator Mundi." On the other side is the Virgin Mary, with the words "Regina Cœli." The engraving is bold and the medal is in a fine state of preservation.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

After next Monday papers from New York, Boston and Chicago will be found on file in the reading room of the association. This will be good news to many of our readers who are in the habit of using this room. Special attention is called to the Magazine of American history which has recently been placed on the reading table. It is a publication that should be read by every man who loves his native land and who wishes to know all about it.

The new reception committee is doing good. Last evening the committee on duty was W. W. Williamson and Chas. A. Fiedler. To night the committee is to be W. E. Sweet, M. T. Hale and John Chubb. They will be pleased to see all their young men friends and will do all in their power to make it pleasant for all who call.

The young men's rally on Sunday afternoon at 4:15 will be addressed by Prest. Wm. F. Slocum. The service will begin promptly at 4:15 with a song service conducted by musical director P. M. Bach. The association has recently purchased new singing books, entitled "Hymns New and Old," for use in the Sunday afternoon services. They will be used for the first time to-morrow afternoon. It is a book that is full of inspiring hymns that are well suited to men's meetings and every man that can sing is urged to be present as well as those who do not sing.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

THE ANTLERS.

Simon Hartman, Chicago; W. R. Moon, New York; Gordon Land, Evan Dreveldt, Denver; J. P. Cobb, Baltimore; E. A. Goldstein, Cleveland; O. A. M. Woolf, New York; S. S. Thorpe, Denver; H. D. Bowker, Chicago; Fred Wardenburg, Atchison; Everett Brown, Denver; W. L. Tucker, New York; J. S. Sheasgreen, Philadelphia.

THE ALAMO.

C. G. Wale; R. W. Rhodes, Geo. Ady, Miss L. B. Youngs, M. E. Warner, E. W. Garretson, C. E. Boyer, Denver; Abe Opp, Raton, N. M.; C. A. Noble, Thomasville, Colo.; D. S. Mardrian, New York; J. M. Pierson, Pueblo; H. E. McClanahan, D. Baird, St. Louis.

THE LIMITED TRAIN SERVICE

East via the Great Rock Island Route is unexcelled by any for comfort, safety and speed. While traveling choose the Great Rock Island.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Leave Chicago via the Santa Fe Route every Thursday evening at 7:50 and Kansas City every Friday morning at 11:55 and arrive at La Junta every Saturday morning at 8:3. Parties from Colorado Springs desiring to join these can leave at 7:35 p. m., each Friday, remaining at La Junta over night or leave here at 2:40 a. m., Saturday, making connection at La Junta the same morning. These excursions are personally conducted by salaried agents who conduct the excursions to destination to give personal attention to the comfort of passengers, especially aged persons, ladies and children without escort. Leaving Colorado Springs at 2:40 a. m., Saturday, the passenger will arrive at Los Angeles at 2:45 p. m., the following Monday and at San Diego at 8:05 p. m; at San Francisco the following Tuesday at 11:35 a. m. Inquire at city ticket office, Opera House block.

FINE PLAYING CARDS.

Send ten (10) cents in stamps or coin to John Sebastian, General Ticket and Passenger Ag't Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, Chicago, Ills., for the latest, smoothest, slickest playing cards you ever saw. Just the thing for High Five parties. For a 50c. postal note will send you five packs.

CHEAP RATES SOUTH.

The Missouri Pacific Railway Company are offering greatly reduced rates for the round trip, to Southern Winter resorts. Ask your nearest railway ticket agent for round trip tickets into the "Sunny South," over the ever popular Missouri Pacific Railway, whose train service out of Colorado is the shortest and only direct through line into Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Tennessee, Missouri, Alabama, Florida, Kansas and Mexico.

C. A. TRIPP,
General Western Agent, Denver, Colo.

The only line that does it:
Does what?
Runs Free reclining chair cars
and Pullman buffet sleeping cars
Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo
through to Kansas City and St. Louis.
What line?
The Missouri Pacific.
C. A. Tripp, General Western Passenger Ag't,
1051 Larimer street, Denver, Colo.

NEW SERVICE!!!

Through Sleeping Car service to St. Louis, via the Great Rock Island Route. All meals served in our own magnificent dining cars. Unexcelled train service. For full particulars, lowest rates, maps, etc., call on or address W. W. Wood, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 12 Pike's Peak Ave.

Commencing Sunday November 15th, a Wabash Through Pullman Car service was inaugurated in connection with the "Rock Island," from Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and other Colorado points to St. Louis. These Pullmans are of the newest and choicest design, and will leave Denver daily on "Rock Island" No. 42, 8:10 p. m., arriving at St. Louis at 7 o'clock on the second morning, at which point direct connections will be made in Union Depot with limited trains for all points east, south and southeast.

Remember, only one change of cars from Denver to New York, Boston and other [illegible] eastern points. Sleeping berths can be secured by addressing

C. M. HAMPSON,
Commercial Agent, 1227 17th St., Denver, Colo.

PARLOR CARS.

Our citizens who have not tried these new parlor cars on the afternoon Santa Fe trains should do so. The cars are veritable parlors and the chairs as comfortable as the finest parlor chair, not to be compared with the ordinary chair cars; something entirely new. Trains carrying these leave for Pueblo at 3.15 p. m. and for Denver at 3.50 p.m.

WORDS OF PRAISE

Are heard on every side, from the traveling public, for the unsurpassed service of the Santa Fe route. It is justly said that the Chicago vestibuled express is the finest train by all odds, that comes into Colorado. The very latest improvements in palace cars. Unexcelled dining car service. No change of cars between Colorado Springs and Chicago.

The special Pullman sleeping car left at Colorado Springs, daily, in which space may be reserved at the city ticket office in the Opera House Block. Telephone 54. C. C. HOYT, Agent.

A NEW SLEEPER, EAST-BOUND.

DENVER TO ST. LOUIS, DAILY.

Travelers will be glad to learn that a through Pullman Buffet Sleeper leaves Denver each evening at 8:10 on the "Great Rock Island Route" via Kansas City and the "Wabash" to St. Louis.

Remember, you leave Denver at a seasonable hour, and arrive at St. Louis second morning at a good business hour, a fact appreciated by travelers.

JOHN SEBASTIAN,
General Ticket and Passenger Ag't, Chicago.

THE MINER'S FAVORITE.

Free Chair cars and Pullman Buffet Sleeping coaches, via the great Missouri Pacific Railway Company's Colorado short line. Quickest and shortest route to the East, North or South. Be sure your ticket is over the justly popular route.

THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND'S NEW YEAR'S GREETING

To the traveling public of Colorado Springs and vicinity, we wish to extend our thanks for the liberal patronage accorded this popular route for the old year and to assure you that the unexcelled service heretofore maintained between Colorado Springs and the East will be continued in every respect with any additions that can possibly be made. Our Solid Vestibuled Limited trains between Colorado Springs and Chicago via Omaha, St. Joe or Kansas City are unsurpassed for speed, safety and comfort.

These trains are made up of the latest design Pullman Palace sleepers, elegant reclining chair cars free of extra charge and superb day coaches, smoking cars, etc.

All meals served en route in our own magnificent dining cars.

We will cheerfully make all your arrangements as to sleeping car reservations, etc., through to your destination. For full particulars, lowest rates, through tickets, maps, etc., call on or address W. W. Wood, Ticket and Passenger Ag't, 12 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone 97.

Train 6?, leaving at 3.15 p. m. on the Santa Fe, going east now carries through Parlor Chair cars between Pueblo and Chicago also a Chair Car between Denver and Canon City.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains to Denver 8.22 a. m., 10.42 a. m., 3.22 p. m., 4.10 a. m., and 4.55 a. m. To Pueblo 9.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m., 6.5 p. m., 9.45 p. m., and 10.40 p. m., connecting with all Eastern trains.

A COLORADO GEM,

Is the Burlington Train No. 2, which leaves Denver at 8.30 p. m. every day in the year, arriving at Chicago at 8.00 a. m., St. Louis 7.30 a. m., second morning. This is a solid vestibule train with all modern improvements known to the civilized world. Is composed of Pullman Palace sleepers, chair cars, seats free, elegant day coaches and smoking cars. All chair cars have a porter in attendance whose duty it is to look after the comforts of passengers, especially ladies traveling alone. No change of cars of any class on this train between Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joe and St. Louis. Parties traveling via this route destined to points beyond its line can have their sleeping car accommodations secured through to destination by apply to any ticket agent or G. W. Vallery, No. 1,700 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

Denver and Rio Grande R. R. five daily trains:
Round trip to Denver............$4 30
Round trip to Pueblo............ 2 50

Through tickets to all points at the lowest rates. No. 16 North Tejon street, New Bank building.

CALIFORNIA.

THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE

Have two daily trains through to Salt Lake and San Francisco without change. Chair cars free. Latest improved Pullman sleepers. Broad guage. Ticket office, 16 North Tejon street.

TRAINS FOR DENVER

Via the Santa Fe, leave Colorado Springs at 1:55 a. m., 2:45 a. m., 8:25 a. m., 1.50 p. m. and 3:50 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Denver at 7:20 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7:45 p. m. and 11:20 p. m.

10 · PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY · 10

Between Colorado Springs and Denver, on the Santa Fe. See time card in this paper. Through chair cars between Canon City and Denver, on trains 63 and 65 and these trains make connection at Pueblo with through chair cars between Pueblo and Chicago.

The only line running through sleeper to St. Louis, and serving meals in dining cars en route is the Rock Island.

BELLEVUE SANITARIUM.

Accommodations can be obtained in this institution. Terms from $5 a week upward, according to room.

Apply to the Matron at the Sanitarium, East Huerfano street.

WANTED.

By A. N. PEALE & Co., female cooks, house-girls, laundresses, waitresses and chamber girls at $20 to $25 per month. Male and female help for all kinds labor at good wages. Employment, Real Estate, Live Stock and Auction Agents, 104 S. Tejon.

WANTED

Female cooks, $[illegible] to $30.
Dining-room girls, $20.
Girls for second work, $20.
Girls for housework, $15 to $20.
Man and wife by 1 o'clock today for ranch; no children.

J. E. HARPER, Employment Agent, 21 E. Huerfano St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Purchaser for some fine properties on the installment plan. Call on A. Hemenway, 103 E. Huerfano St.

WANTED—Middle aged woman to do general housework for family of four; good wages and good home to the right person. Apply at Ute Iron Spring, Manitou, Colo. Live at Blake cottage, within fifty yards of Iron Spring.

WANTED—A young girl for second work at 128 North Weber.

WANTED—A reliable girl for general housework. Mrs. Hamp, 316 East Bijou.

WANTED—By experienced nurse with first-class medical references, a position to care for ladies or children. Call or address 619 N. Nevada Ave.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in a small family; references required. Mrs. E. F. Wellee, 1109 N. Weber St.

WANTED Sewing at 301 S. Weber St. Children's and misses' dressmaking a specialty.

WANTED—A man with $1,000 to $2,000 to assist in opening up mines in Red Mountain, Ouray Co. Will give an interest. Maps and particulars at 13 S. Tejon St. M. Van Boren.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Houses to rent from $10.00 to $50.00 in all parts of city. A. Hemenway.

TO RENT—Suite of rooms, low to permanent party. 128 North Weber.

TO RENT—Windmill Chicken Ranch, 7½ acres, 6 roomed furnished house, 50 foot brooder-house heated throughout, incubator house and all the appliances for the artificial raising of poultry. Apply to Henry Lell, Wills, Gazette Building.

TO RENT—Beautiful sunny room with or without board; electric light, steam heat and open grate. 18 W. Kiowa, one block north of Antlers Hotel.

TO RENT—Cottages of three and four rooms, six blocks from business center; newly painted and papered; moderate rent to good tenants. 104 Pike's Peak avenue.

TO RENT—Two furnished rooms at 9 S. Wahsatch Ave.

TO RENT—Houses of all kinds, furnished and unfurnished, by Williamson, 3½ S Tejon St.

TO RENT—Office and sleeping rooms furnished, $10.50 to $18 a month. All conveniences, hot service. Inquire at Room 53 Hagerman Building.

TO RENT—Square and upright pianos and sewing machines, Albee's Music store.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—We have some fine suburban residence lots in Ivywild on the new road to Cheyenne. Easy payments. Call on A. Hemenway, 103 E. Huerfano St.

FOR SALE—Fruit and garden tracts near Denver; reached by transit lines. Five acres or more, portions bearing fruit. No payment required for five years. Address A. C. Fisk, Denver.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the county court in probate, of Pueblo county, Colo., I will, twenty days after the first day of the publication hereof, receive offers for and sell at private sale, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of George M. Chilcott, deceased; and situate in El Paso county, Colo., to-wit:

The nw qr. the nw qr of the sw qr and the w hf of the ne qr of sec 21, tp 14, rg 66 w.

Terms of sale cash or its equivalent.

CORNELIUS HART,
Executor of the estate of George M. Chilcott, deceased.

WANTED SOLDIERS' HOMESTEADS. The address of all soldiers who HOMESTEADED a less number of acres than 160 before June 22, 1874, and made final proof on same.
W. E. MOSES, P. O. Box 1765 Denver, Colo.

CHINA JIM

DEALER IN

China and Japanese Goods, fine China cups and saucers, Bronze ware, Wash Silk, Drapatterns, Canton Crapes, Embroidered and Fancy Shawls, etc.

21 East Pike's Peak Ave.

The best located Property
in Colorado Springs,
either for homes or
for investment is

NOB HILL

For prices and terms
call on

A. A. McGOVNEY,
113 Kiowa Street,

Or any Agent in the City.

LINUS F. SHERMAN,

United States Land and Pension Attorney,

Will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department. Contests and difficult cases a specialty.

Insurance,
Loans and
Real Estate.

If you have property to rent or sell, if you want to buy improved or unimproved property in any part of the city, if you want to exchange any kind of property—here or elsewhere for other property, if you want a loan on most favorable terms, be sure to see me at the

COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

103 Pike's Peak Avenue

LINUS F. SHERMAN.

NOTICE OF SALE OF SCHOOL BONDS.

Sealed proposals shall be received and opened at the secretary's office of school district No. 11, (city of Colorado Springs,) El Paso county, Colo., on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1892, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the sale of $10,000 school bonds, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, semi-annually, both principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States or its equivalent, at the office of the treasurer of El Paso county, Colo., or the Chemical National Bank in the city of New York.

Bids shall provide for the delivery of the bonds as follows:

$40,000 on date of sale.
$20,000 on April 15th, 1892.
$20,000 on July 15th, 1892.
$20,000 on October 15th, 1892.

The board of directors reserve the right to reject all bids.

JOHN N. GREEN,
School District No. 11. Secretary.

Union Ice and Coal Co.

105 W. Vermijo Ave.

Are cutting ICE 12 inches thick and will put same on cars at 50 cents per ton, and will fill houses in city at 75 cents per ton.

Telephone No. 31.

CRIPPLE CREEK!

Fast Freight line from Florissant to Fremont, and all points in the Cripple Creek Mining District. Freight consigned to my care at Florissant will receive prompt attention.

H. F. MILLER,
Florissant, Colo.

CRIPPLE CREEK FREIGHT LINE.

GOUERFY KISSEL,

No. 104 Pike's Peak Ave.

FOR SALE.

50x190 lot on North Nevada avenue.

Beautiful corner lot, 50x190, facing south on Cascade avenue; very cheap.

Ten room stone house on West Kiowa, near Cascade avenue, steam furnace, cellar and all modern improvements.

Eleven room house on West Bijou street, open fire place, bath, etc.

50x190 lot with small cottage on North Nevada avenue.

Lot 50x190 on North Tejon street in Edward's Addition; cheap.

New cottage on East Cache la Poudre street.

Cottage of eight rooms, hard wood finish, furnace, and all modern improvements, stable, etc. on North Tejon street, near college reservation.

House of ten rooms on East Huerfano street.

Furnished houses on North Weber street; very cheap.

Long list of Properties, improved and unimproved, which I should be pleased to show to purchasers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

COAL!

I am now prepared to deliver in large or small quantities the following Coals.

Elk Mountain Anthracite, all sizes.
Placer Lump and Nut.
Canon Lump and Nut.
Rouse Lump, Nut and Slack
Franceville Lump, Run of Mine and Mine Nut.

WM T. HANCOX,
Telephone 89. 131 W. Vermijo.

GOSHEN BROS.,

Manufacturers of

Pressed and Common Brick

Contractors in brick work, plastering and cementing. All kinds of building supplies on hand. Jobbing promptly done.

OFFICE 122 NORTH TEJON ST.

THE FINEST AND BEST.

ARNICATED

For Chapped Hands, Lips, Rough and Sore Skin, Sunburn, Tan, Soft Skin, Pimples, Etc.

Makes the Skin White, Soft and Smooth.

Elegantly perfumed. Large bottles only 25c at Druggists. Prepared only by H. T. Kostitch & Co., Denver, Colo. Write for trial bottle, FREE.

Sold by all Druggists of Colorado Springs, Colorado.

GILLIS BROS. & WALSH

Manufacturers of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding

[illegible]

Cor. Ke[illegible] and St. [illegible] Streets.

ESTABLISHED 1873.

El Paso County Bank,

CAPITAL PAID IN - - $100,000
SURPLUS - - - 20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM:

W. S. JACKSON. C. H. WHITE. J. H. BARLOW.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES,

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 19, 1891.

NORTH OR EAST.

No. 6 California, Colorado and New Mexico Express.........4.55 am
No. 4—Atlantic Coast Limited.........4.10 am
No. 8 Pueblo and Denver Accommodation.........8.22 am
No. 12—St. Louis and Kansas City Express.........10.42 am
No. 2 California and Eastern Express.........3.22 pm

SOUTH OR WEST.

No. 1—California Fast Mail.........9.47 am
No. 11—Canon City and St. Louis Ex.........4.30 pm
No. 7—Pueblo Passenger.........6.50 pm
No. 3 Pacific Coast Limited.........9.45 pm
No. 5 California, Colorado and New Mexico.........10.40 pm

THE MANITOU BRANCH.

To MANITOU.—Leaves at: 8.25 a. m. 9.50 a. m. 10.45 p. m., 2.25 p. m., 4.35 p. m., 6.35 p. m.

FROM MANITOU.—Arrives at: 8.10 a. m., 10.30 a. m., 11.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m., 4.30 p. m., 6.40 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east at the depot and No. 16 North Tejon street. Parties can select their own route.

Baggage checked to destination. Pullman palace sleepers. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, General Agent,
16 North Tejon st.

DENVER, TEXAS & FT. WORTH.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 22 Denver Express.........3.00

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 22 Fort Worth Express.........11.30 a

BRANCH TRAINS.

No. 19 Arrive from Denver.........11.30 pm
No. 21 Arrive from Pueblo.........3.35 pm

To connect with New York steamers via New Orleans leave Colorado Springs Sundays and Wednesdays at 11 30 a. m.

To connect with New York steamers via Galveston, leave Colorado Springs Sundays at 11 30 a. m.

Through tickets to New York via New Orleans and Cromwell Steamship line, and via Galveston and Morgan or Mallory lines.

Baggage checked to destination of ticket. Steamers sail from New Orleans Wednesday and Saturdays, from Galveston, Wednesdays.

Buy through tickets via to or from foreign countries via all principal lines.

For full information call or address

GEO. RIDDELL, General Agent.

Or W. G. [illegible], City Ticket Agent, No. 12 Pike's Peak avenue. Telephone No. 21.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE AND COLORADO MIDLAND R. R.

Nov. 29, 1891.

West-bound	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 3 Chicago to Denver..........	3.00 am	3.05 am
No. 7 Kansas City to Denver..........	1.35 am	1.45 am
No. 801 Salt Lake to Denver..........	2.40 am	2.45 am
No. 611 Salt Lake to Denver..........	1 50 pm	1.55 pm
No. 21 La Junta to Denver..........	3 15 pm	3 20 pm
East-bound		
No. 4 Denver to Chicago..........	7.45 pm	7.50 pm
No. 8 Denver to Kansas City..........	2.35 am	2.40 am
No. 8?? Denver to Salt Lake..........	9.55 am	10.00 am
No. 6?? Denver to Salt Lake..........	10 30 pm	10.35 pm
No. 2? Denver to La Junta..........	3 15 pm	[illegible]

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 are solid vestibule trains between Denver and Chicago without change, Pullman Palace sleeping cars, library, smoking, chair cars and dining cars. Connect at La Junta for New Mexico and California, and at Burlington, Kas., for St. Louis, via St. Louis and San Francisco railway, and at Newton, Kas., for Galveston, Tex.

Trains Nos. 7 and 8 run through between Colorado Springs and Kansas City.

Trains Nos. 801, 802, 611 and 604 run through between Denver and all points on the Colorado Midland, and carry through Pullman sleepers and tourists' cars for California.

Trains 63 and 67 are the well known "Nellie Bly," running between Denver and La Junta and carry through Parlor chair cars between Pueblo and Chicago and between Denver and Canon City.

City ticket office, Opera House block. Telephone 54. C. C. HOYT, Agent.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE DEPOT, Nov. 29, 1891.

No. 1. Leaves for Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Ogden, San Francisco, San Diego.........10:00 am
No. 3. Leaves for Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Ogden, San Francisco, San Diego.........10:25 pm
No's 1 and 3 arrive from Denver five minutes before leaving time.
No. 2. Arrives from San Diego, San Francisco, Ogden, Glenwood, Aspen, Leadville.........1:45 pm
No. 4. Arrives from San Diego, San Francisco, Ogden, Glenwood, Aspen, Leadville.........2:30 am
No. 2. Leaves for Denver.........1:50 pm
No. 4. Leaves for Denver.........2:45 am

Through tickets sold to all points west.

C. C. HOYT, Agent.

Local and Through Time Table.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Sunday, Nov. 29, 1891.

GOING WEST.

Leave.	Pacific Express	Utah and Cal. Ex.
Denver	7:20 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Colorado Springs	10:20 a.m.	10:25 p.m.
Colorado City	10:27 a.m.	10:35 p.m.
Manitou	10:27 a.m.	11:05 p.m.
Iron Springs	10:[illegible] a.m.	11:20 p.m.
Cascade	10:53 a.m.	11:30 p.m.
Ute Park	11:06 a.m.	11:47 p.m.
Green Mt. Falls	11:11 a.m.	11:47 p.m.
Woodland Park	11:20 a.m. 11:50 a.m.	12:05 a.m.
Florissant	12:29 p.m.	12:55 a.m.
Leadville	4:52 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
Grand Junction	11:30 p.m.	1:10 p.m.

GOING EAST.

Leave.	Atlantic Express	Utah and Cal. Ex.
Grand Junction	9:45 p.m.	9:55 a.m.
Leadville	7:00 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Florissant	11:17 a.m.	11:55 p.m.
Woodland Park	12:10 p.m. 12:20 p.m.	1:00 a.m.
Green Mt. Falls	12:35 p.m.	1:14 a.m.
Ute Park	12:50 p.m.	1:20 a.m.
Cascade	1:00 p.m.	1:30 a.m.
Iron Springs	1:17 p.m.	1:48 a.m.
Manitou	1:30 p.m.	1:51 a.m.
Colorado City	1:30 p.m.	1:58 a.m.
Colorado Springs	1:50 p.m.	2:15 a.m.
Denver	4:35 p.m.	5:45 a.m.

Through sleepers on above trains for all points east and west.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.

No. 14 Vestibule limited to Chicago, Kansas City and St. Joe.........7:30 pm
No. 18 Fast mail to Chicago, Kansas City and St. Joe.........7.40 am
No. 13 Limited to Denver.........9.20 am
No. 20 ....4.45 pm
No. 13 Limited to Pueblo.........7.25 am
No. 19 ....7.20 pm

ARRIVE.

No. 13 Vestibule Limited from Chicago.........7.25 am
No. 13 Fast mail from Chicago.........7.00 pm
No. 17 From Denver.........11.15 am
No. 19 From Denver.........6.15 pm

Nos. 13 and 14 are solid vestibule trains to Chicago, Omaha via Omaha, Kansas City or St. Joe, without change. Through sleeper to St. Louis, all meals en route served in dining cars. Through tickets to all points east and baggage checked to destination at No. 12 Pike's Peak avenue. Telephone 97, or [illegible] depot telephone 53. Also your tickets via principal [illegible] lines.

W. W. WOOD,
Ticket and Passenger Agent.

PROSPECTORS

AND

MINERS!

We carry a Full Line of Mining Blanks in Stock.

MINING BLANKS.

No.	Description.	Size
817	Affidavit of Labor and Improvements	qr cap
825	Lessee's Notice of Lease of Mining Property	hf cap
837	Lessor's Notice of Lease of Mining Property	hf cap
826	Location Certificate Placer Claim	hf cap
827	Location Certificate Lode Claim	hf cap
828	Amended Location Certificate	hf cap
830	Mining Deed	hf "
831	Mining Deed, J. M. Form	hf "
832	Mining Deed with Additional Title	hf "
833	Mining Lease	Full cap
834	Notice by Owners of Lease of Mining Property	hf cap
835	Notice of Pendancy of Action	hf "
836	Title Bond Mining Property	hf "
838	Adverse Plat	Full cap
839	Protest and Adverse Claim	Full cap

PATENT MINING BLANKS.

No.	Description.	Size
801	Application for Patent	Full cap
804	Affidavit of $500 Improvements	hf cap
807	Affidavit of Citizenship	hf "
817	Affidavit of Labor and Improvements	qr "
807a	Affidavit of Citizenship Native Born	qr "
807b	Affidavit of Citizenship Naturalized	qr "
815	Application to Purchase	hf "
806	Agreement of Publisher	hf "
812	Certificate that no Suit is Pending	hf "
802	Notice to be Posted with Diagram on Claim	Full "
805	Notice for Publication in Newspaper	hf "
805a	Notice for Posting in Land Office	hf "
803	Proof of Posting Notice and Diagram on Claim	Full "
808	Proof that Plat and Notice Remained Posted on Claim 60 days	hf "
810	Proof of Publication	hf "
813	Proof that no Known Veins exist in a Placer Mining Claim	hf "
816	Proof of Citizenship of Applicant	hf "
814	Power of Attorney to Obtain Patent	hf "
809	Register's Certificate of Posting Notice 60 days	hf "
811	Statement of Fees and Charges	3d "

To the above list we are adding new forms as they are required by the change in the laws. Correspondence solicited and prices guaranteed.

The Gazette Printing Co.,

Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Before investing see the list of lots, rates and prices at the office of the BROADMOOR Company, second floor Gazette Building.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS RAPID TRANSIT RAILWAY CO TIME CARD.

MANITOU LINE.

Commencing at 6 — cars leave Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street for Manitou every 15 minutes until 9.45 [illegible]. Last car leaves Manitou for Colorado Springs at 11 30 p. m.

CHEYENNE CANON LINE.

Commencing at 6 — cars leave Huerfano and Tejon streets for Cheyenne Canon every 30 minutes until [illegible]. The last car leaves at 6.30, 7.35 and [illegible]. Last car leaves Cheyenne Canon for Colorado Springs and Broadmoor at 9.20 pm.

[illegible]

WALL, PURSEL & CO.

DEALERS IN

Fine Buggies, Carriages and Stoddard 1-Spring Wagons

Columbus Buggy Co., [illegible]
[illegible]

Buggies and Carriages [illegible]

[illegible]

FLOWER STANDS

SPARE QUARTERS

NURSERY [illegible]

[illegible]

Iron, Wire and [illegible]

The *Official Report* of Gen. Hurst,
Ohio Food Commissioner, shows
ROYAL the purest Baking Powder.
Every other Baking Powder
tested contained impurities
from 10.18 per cent. to 86.23
per cent. of their entire weight.

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

[illegible]	30.2
Temperature at 6 a. m	21.9
Temperature at 12 m	35.3
Maximum temperature	38.3
Minimum temperature	11.7
[illegible] ...ture	0
... barometric pressure in in	24.09
... barometric pressure in in	23.9
... velocity of wind, miles per hr	1.2
Relative humidity at 6 p. m	44
Relative humidity at 6 a. m	15
Relative humidity at 12 m	30.0
Mean relative humidity	2.2
Dew point	—
Precipitation	0

Mr. C. H. Button of Minneapolis is in town visiting his sister, Mrs. W. A. Lloyd.

There was a rumor yesterday that wire gold had been discovered on Mineral hill at Cripple Creek.

Mr. H. W. Hallett, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Garfield county, is in the city.

Mr. John S. Lentz, secretary of the Blue Bell Mining and Milling company, has just returned from the east.

Dr. J. T Estell left for Kansas City last night in response to a telegram that his little boy was very sick with la grippe.

Miss Myrtle Reed, sister of Mr. A. Z. Reed, left on last evening's Rock Island train for New York, where she enters an art school.

The Good Templars will give an entertainment in Weber hall, Thursday, Jan 21. Mrs. Hext, Miss Steadman, Miss C[illegible] and others will take part.

Rev. and Mrs. A. R. Kieffer have issued cards announcing the marriage of their daughter, Alma Kate Kieffer, to Dr Henry Boynton Moore of this city. The ceremony will occur at Grace Episcopal church Wednesday evening, Jan. 27, at 7 o'clock.

The I. O. G. T. at its meeting Thursday evening adopted resolutions to the effect that the beer garden south of town should be closed, that the council resolution to that effect should be enforced and that the members will do all in their power to aid the authorities.

F[illegible] P. Moon has furnished the following record of the weather for the week ending Jan 13, 1892. Highest temperature 46 on the 7th, lowest temperature [illegible] on the 14th, weekly mean temperature, 19.85. Direction of wind, south six days, north one day, the 10th.

Mrs. F. C. Palmer and daughter, of Colorado Springs, arrived in this city W[illegible], and are guests of Rev. Dickinson. Mrs. Palmer was formerly a student of Colorado college at Colorado Springs and seeks this section for her health which is much impaired. [Grand Junction Star.

The German Lutheran minister, who [illegible] was installed as missionary and pastor for the German Lutherans of Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou, will deliver his first sermon next Sunday, Jan. 17, at the City hall at 10 o'clock a. m. All Germans are cordially invited to attend.

At the First Presbyterian church, corner Nevada avenue and Bijou street, Rev. D. T. Taylor, pastor, there will be services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. The pastor will preach in the morning on "Tarrying by the Stuff," in the evening on "Has God Spoken?"

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank of Colorado Springs the following directors were elected for the ensuing year. J. J. Hagerman, B. F. Crowell, Irving Howbert, F. J. Eaton, Louis R. Ehrich and J. A. Hayes. The officers elected for the coming year are J. J. Hagerman, president; J. A. Hayes, cashier, and A. Sutton, assistant cashier.

Walter Hart is a young man who forged his step father's name and secured [illegible] last September. A complaint was filed against him but he left town before he could be arrested. A few weeks ago he returned home and was forgiven. Lately he has been returning to his old dishonest practices and yesterday he was arrested on the original complaint and sent to the reform school for three years.

Sunday services at the First Congregational church at 11 a. m and 7.30 p m. The pastor, Rev. Jas. B. Gregg, will preach both morning and evening. In the evening will be given the last of the series of sermons entitled, "Many Friends in Council." Subject, "Colorado Springs Stumbling Blocks." Extracts from letters of many prominent citizens bearing upon the subject will be given.

At the First Baptist church to-morrow, corner Kiowa and Weber streets, Mr. Hart will preach in the morning and Dr. Montague in the evening. Baptisms after morning sermon. The evening discourse will be at the request of the Good Templars, who will be present, on "Some Things Necessary for Progress in the Work of Temperance Reform." Sunday school at 3. Y P S C. E. at 6:30. Prayer and conference Wednesday at 7:30.

L. B. Vickers, the alleged lunatic brought down from near Monument, was busy yesterday preparing his defense for his examination before a sheriff's jury next Monday with the aid of a Bible and a concordance. He found time, however, to [illegible] a bill for $150 for "false and vicious imprisonment" to Postmaster Elliott at Monument, accompanied by the threat that he would keep those fires burning about Elliott's soul until it was paid.

The [illegible] of the Woodside is by Mrs. C[illegible] Root and Mrs. Stout jointly instead of by the latter lady alone as stated in yesterday's paper. Mrs. Root has had a long and successful experience in conducting boarding houses in this city and the patrons of this popular house may expect careful cooking and service. She has recently had charge of the house at 429 North Tejon street [illegible] which she will remain her establishment at once.

The last work of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe is done, and a full work it has been. [illegible] death be immediately [illegible] she is incapacitated for [illegible] literary labors. She has been [illegible] author in America [illegible] copies of "Uncle [illegible] weeks of its [illegible] sale is cer[illegible] the [illegible] while it [illegible] Europe, as well as several Asiatic languages. Dramatized it has to-day all of its earliest popularity. Her theme was the magnificent one that touched every heart. She caught it, it inspired her and "Uncle Tom" will be immortal. Her other works were able, but lacked the power of a great theme. Sutton's grand double "Uncle Tom" company, with big band and thirty people will present this popular drama at the opera house Monday evening. The company will make a street parade about noon.

The Declamation Contest.

Hardly a dozen more persons could have found foot room in the Presbyterian church last evening at 8 o'clock when the Cutler academy prize declamation contest began. President Slocum started things in a short speech telling how Cutler academy was an entirely separate institution from the college, and that the contestants were not college students but those of the academy. He then introduced Professor Chapman the efficient professor of elocution who took charge of the programme. He announced that Hon. W. S. Jackson the giver of the medal and one of the judges, was unfortunately prevented from attending, while Judge Campbell another of those who were to decide upon the ownership of the medal was kept away by sickness. In their places he said that Rev Livingston L. Taylor and Mr C. H White would serve, Mr George H. Parsons being the third.

The regular programme was then introduced by music, a piano solo by Miss Ehrich and a soprano solo by Miss Carrington, both of merit and warmly applauded.

The spirited account of the chariot race from "Ben Hur" was the subject chosen by Miss Iva Swift who was the first speaker. She told the story well and when she finished many of those present thought that she had captured one of the prizes.

Mr Robert Griffin came next with a pathetic account of the death of Benedict Arnold which he recited with good effect.

Miss Etta Cherry had been named as a winner by many who were acquainted with the merits of the different contestants and her appearance was eagerly expected. Her selection was an unusually fortunate one, "Briar Rose," a poem telling of a laughing idle girl, who in one moment of heroism outdid all the lives of those who had ridiculed her and lost her own. It was beautifully rendered and received long and enthusiastic applause.

The college quartet came next on the programme but Professor Chapman announced that two of its members were down with the grippe, but that Mr. Bracewell would try to supply the deficiency. This announcement provoked applause, for Mr. Bracewell is a favorite, and his selection was encored until he was forced to respond with another equally as good.

Mr. Percy Skinner had as a subject "Flying Jim's Last Leap," a ballad of chivalry, forgiveness and heroism, which he handled well.

"Lasca" is an old but imperishable favorite, telling of the love of a Spanish maiden and how she sheltered her lover from the hoofs of stampeding cattle with her body. Those who have seen the work of a stampede would not think that it would be a very successful ruse, but Miss Apted told the story as if it were true and she felt every word of it. This was the last of the narrative selections and the point was marked by a soprano solo which Miss Carrington sang very sweetly. Then followed two orations. Marc Antony's remarks to the Romans have been parodied and quoted and misquoted for 200 years, but they have lost none of their force, so that in choosing this selection to display his oratorical powers, Mr Joseph Ayers chose wisely. He did it justice too and succeeded in restoring dignity to the hackneyed lines.

Mr E. Fairbanks repeated an indignant speech made in the English parliament by an Irish member against the name of "alien" as applied to the Irish soldiery. Mr Fairbanks spoke with much feeling and made a decided success.

Mr Bracewell then sang a boating song and repeated it in response to an encore, while the jury retired to prepare its verdict. When it returned, it found Miss Cherry guilty in the first degree and Mr. Ayres in the second, and Rev Mr Taylor presented the prizes with appropriate words of praise for the winners and for the other contestants.

To Miss Cherry's dress was pinned the beautiful gold pendant medal, while to Mr Ayers was handed a copy of Shakspeare's complete works, with the hope that he might continue to interpret the writings of the great bard.

Frank Leslie's Weekly of January 16th contains a long article on the Printers Home, with an illustration of the building but states that the home is located in Denver. A letter has been written the editor by Secretary Buckman informing him of the very serious error and incidentally calling attention to the preeminent advantages of Colorado Springs as a location for this and similar institutions.

G W Atkinson & Sons yesterday received word from the Pauley Jail Co of St. Louis that they had been awarded the contract for the building of the new jail. Their bid was $18,000 and they are to [illegible] and brick work, excavating etc. Work is to be started as quickly as possible.

Assessor Irvine has appointed J. M. Jackson his deputy at Colorado City to make the assessment. Mr E. S Joslyn will make the assessment for all that portion of this city north of Pike's Peak avenue, and Mr R B Taylor will do the work for the portion south of the avenue.

The pipe line up Ruxton creek has been completed. That is all of the pipe has been laid but some of the filling in of the trenches is yet to be done and a dam and settler will have to be built in the spring. The cost of the line will be much less than originally estimated.

The ventilation of the district court room is so bad that Judge Campbell is frequently compelled to adjourn court that the place may be aired. The county commissioners have decided to put in new ventilators in the east end of the room.

The date set for the dance of the C. H. Adams Hose company is the night of Washington's birthday. It is to be a masquerade ball, and is given for the purpose of getting money to buy uniforms for the April parade.

CRIPPLE CREEK ITEMS

Mrs. McGregor opens her restaurant to-day.

G. S. Barnes & Son have unloaded a car of blasting powder and fuse at Cripple Creek.

Another rich strike in the Gold King is reported. Tellurium has been found in this mine for the first time and it is rich in free gold.

Deputy-sheriff Peter Eales of Fremont was in the city yesterday. He reports everything wonderfully quiet for a new mining town. He states that more gold has been found in the McGinty mine.

At Fremont there are now forty frame houses sixty nine log houses, and fifty five tents. Of the houses six are hotels, so that the accommodations are getting better every day. An average of four houses a day are started.

Mr F. B Wortman came down from Fremont yesterday and brings the usual report of booming times at the camp. He is selling a great deal of real estate [illegible] in the last ten days. Investors have realized from 400 to 1,200 per cent in the last eight weeks.

Edward R. Warren, deputy U. S. surveyor from Crested Butte, is in camp for the purpose of making the patent survey on the Buena Vista. Mr Warren is a thorough man and has had much experience in his line in a country where you can only see about two whoops. [Cripple Creek Crusher.

Mr P. J. Ryan the gentlemanly agent for the Midland at Florissant is certainly deserving of thanks for the services he has rendered in the way of accommodating conduct toward the people of Fremont and Cripple Creek. And the management of the road are also entitled to a large share of gratitude for the fairness with which they have dealt with our people, when they might have exacted unreasonable rates. [Cripple Creek Crusher.

It is claimed that the land surrounding the Cripple Creek mining camp belongs to the state and is not subject to mineral entry under the United States law. This view is held because of the recent decision in the case of the Rocky Mountain Boy lode. The position taken by the commissioner of the general land office is that if mineral was not known to exist prior to or at the time of the return of the survey, the land belongs to the state. The burden of the proof is thrown on the claimant. Applying this rule to the Cripple Creek section it would seem that mineral entries cannot be made there. [Mining Exchange Journal.

Another well attended meeting was held at the Continental hotel Wednesday night, to hear the report of the committee on town organization. They reported that every step had been taken that was necessary, that all the requirements of law, such as population, legal voters, taxable property, and so on was ample; that the territory or land to be embraced in the incorporation was the 160 acres known as the Bennett & Myers tract. The surveyor, Mr J. H Freeman, was given twenty-fours more time to complete his work of making a plat of the proposed town. The report of the committee was well received, and they were authorized to take every step in the matter of incorporation, and push it through as quickly as possible. [Cripple Creek Crusher.

District Court.

At the opening of the district court yesterday morning Mr. Garrison stated that Judge Campbell was ill and desired a recess taken until 2 o'clock. In the afternoon Judge Campbell took the bench, and the trial of the case of the People vs. William Johnson, James Smith and James Ward was concluded. The jury had not brought in its verdict at midnight.

The court stated that he did not feel well enough to hold a session to-day, and the following cases were re set:

1333 People vs. Griffith Sherwood, Jan 20

1442 People vs. William H Dietrick, Jan. 21

1455 People vs. Harry Drexel, Jan 21

1451 People vs. Thomas Hamilton, Jan 21

Mr Tutt's Victories.

Mr C. L. Tutt succeeded in holding The Gazette championship medal yesterday against the best shots of the Broadmoor Gun club. Out of twenty five singles he succeeded in downing twenty four, missing the last shot. The full score was

Tutt	24
Crowell	22
Pourtales	21
Benedetti	20
Hutton	18
Chisholm	18
Baker	16
Sanford	16
Wilcox	16

Mr Tutt also won the sweepstakes shoot and defeated Count Pourtales in a shoot for twenty five singles.

The money subscribed to the Keeley gold cure institute will be returned to the subscribers to day. Colorado Springs may get a gold cure institution yet, but if it does not the Kinsley cure will still keep working. This institute differs from the Keeley cure in that it ejects instead of injects the gold and none of the patients ever advertise the fact that they have taken the treatment. His honor however did not have a patient yesterday. He thinks Cripple Creek is injuring the business as he can count nearly a dozen regulars who have gone to the diggings.

The Hungarian band is suing Frank [illegible] P. Gumaer of Denver for services rendered.

The prize medal awarded at the Cutler academy contest last evening was made by Mr Louis Langbehn and is a beautiful piece of workmanship of solid 14 karat gold.

How to Pronounce Arkansas

Arkansas is the only state in the Union and probably the only one in the world which has defined by law the proper way to pronounce its name. The law of the state is that it shall be called Arkansaw. There was conflict until this legislative enactment, now it is settled better than the pronunciation of any disputed word in any of the dictionaries. It is related of one of the vice presidents of the United States, Millard Fillmore perhaps, that so great was his courtesy that in recognizing the senators from Arkansas, one was always "the senator from Arkansas" and the other, "the senator from Arkansaw," the senior senator being in the habit of pronouncing the name of his state as it is spelled, while the junior called it as it is now only lawful to do.

DIED

MORRISON. On Jan 15 1892 Sarah H., wife of Dr. S. W. Morrison, formerly of Oxford Pa. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents a line for first [illegible] and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day or on certain days of the week ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers
No. 1 Cascade Avenue. Telephone No. 16

PRIVATE TEACHING.
French, German, Italian. Address Miss [illegible] 12 N. Weber St.

SILVER STATE FLOUR.
HEMENWAY & BISH

Artistic—H. S. Poley & Co's Artistic Photos

TO RENT.
Nicely furnished room and board. Inquire at restaurant [illegible] Tejon St.

FINE FURS REPAIRED.
Sealskin garments redyed and refitted. All kinds of fur work done in the latest style. E. M. Kirchner [illegible] Hagerman Building. Take elevator.

Artistic H. S. Poley & Co's Artistic Photos

SILVER STATE FLOUR.
HEMENWAY & BISH

MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
C. DICKEY
Room [illegible] Hagerman Block.
[illegible] best stocks for sale. Information furnished [illegible] promptly filled.

CLOSING OUT SALE.
Of millinery still continues at 19 E. Pike's Peak avenue regardless of cost.

A few nice sunny rooms vacant at the St. James, and good board cheap.

Finest Photos CLINTON 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

SILVER STATE FLOUR.
HEMENWAY & BISH

BOOKS AT AUCTION.
300 volumes all kinds Medical, Law, Mechanical, Family Bibles, Albums, popular works, half price. Private sale all day. Auction at [illegible] 103 South Tejon Street.

REMOVED.
Duncan's Music store to 517 W. Huerfano St. Pianos and organs for sale and for rent. P O Box [illegible]

PEOPLE WHO KNOW ABOUT PIANOS
Say the best instrument's lowest prices and easiest terms are to be found at Hext & Williams. 21 N. Tejon St.

W. A. Davis, Undertaking 111 S. Tejon.

SILVER STATE FLOUR.
HEMENWAY & BISH

Finishing for amateurs. CLINTON 20

MINES AND MINING STOCKS.
PROUDFIT & FOSALL & BORDEN
ROOMS 13 AND 14. HAGERMAN BLOCK.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT LAND
Will exchange for Colorado Springs or any good real estate or business east of the R[illegible] M. Van Buren. 15 S. Tejon St.

Spectacles fitted accurately at ASHBY'S

Card engraving. CLINTON 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

Elegant etchings. CLINTON 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

MUSICAL GOODS.
The finest and most complete stock of guitars, mandolins, banjos, violins, and music books in the city. Prices away down at Hext & Williams, 21 N. Tejon St.

OPERA HOUSE

Monday, Jan. 18.

The Barnum of Them All.

SUTTON'S

Monster Double

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

COMPANY,

COMPRISING

32	ARTISTS	32
2	Famous Topsies	2
2	Marks, the Lawyers	2
2	Educated Donkeys	2
4	Cuban Bloodhounds.	4
4	Shetland Ponies	4

MAUDE SUTTON
The Youngest Topsy on the Stage

BABY EDITH,
Aged 5 years, as the Angel Child.

See the Grand Street Parade About Noon.

POPULAR PRICES

Reserved Seats on sale at Mullin's and Santa Fe Ticket Office, Opera House Block.

PLOW'S Celebrated CANDY

Received twice a week by

G. B. STORER.

E. R. WARREN,
Civil and Mining Engineer
U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor
312 North Weber Street. Colorado Springs.

Will survey and report on Mining claims in any part of the state.

G. HENRY, M. D.

Long Island College Hospital, "Class '66"

Subsequently four years with the world's greatest specialist Dr. Philip Ricord of Paris, France will be at the

ELK HOTEL,

Colorado Springs every Sunday afternoon and Monday till 10 a. m. Dr. Henry is located at 1713 Curtis street, Denver Colo., making for the last thirty years a specialty of

Blood and Skin Diseases!

No Mercury, Arsenic, [illegible] [illegible] warranted in every case [illegible] [illegible] possible. [illegible] money [illegible] every case undertaken [illegible] permanently cured.

References: The [illegible] Denver.

Upwards of three thousand cases treated within the last three years. [illegible] patients treated from a distance [illegible] perfect results.

Consultation free. All medicines [illegible] and furnished by the doctor.

English, German, French, [illegible] and Bohemian spoken.

PIANO LAMPS!

AND

BRIC-A-BRAC

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices for the next 30 days by

A. MATTHEWS,
26 North Tejon St.
Telephone No 3. Colorado Springs.

LOUIS LANGBEHN
MANUFACTURING
Jeweler
[illegible]

W. H. McIntyre,

General

INSURANCE

Agency

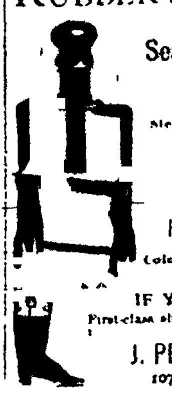
Deals in Reliable Indemnity only.

MONEY TO LOAN

A Specialty

1, 2, 3 Hagerman Block.

RUBBER STAMPS!



Seals and Stencils.

Steel Stamps, Badges, Checks, Etc.

ROOM 3,
Robertson Building,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF YOU WANT
First-class shoe repairing done go [illegible]

J. PEDERSON,
107 North Tejon St.

SPECIAL SALE

-OF-

TABLE LINENS!

For One Week Commencing January 11.

175 dozen Towels at 20c each. This lot includes Fringed Damask Towels, large size, hemmed Huck Towels and Bath Towels. 50 dozen Napkins worth from $3.50 to $4 for $2.75.

A large lot of Napkins ranging in price from 75c to $2.50.

All grades Table Linens from 45c up. All marked down to close before invoicing. See our Linen Twilled Crash at 10c a yard.

Special Inducements in our Carpet Department.

GIDDINGS BROS. & BENT

21 South Tejon Street.

CRIPPLE CREEK

I have some good mines and parts of mines in Cripple Creek to sell, worked or unworked. Prices range from $300 to $10,000. Call and see ore from Old Hickory which assayed $40 per ton at 20 foot depth.

CASH

is what so many want. The altitude is too high for others. Hence I can sell owners equity in the following properties very low.

House and 2 lots in Roswell	$[illegible]
5 rooms Weber street	650
4 rooms South Nevada avenue	750
5 rooms Washington avenue, modern, a snap	[illegible]
5 rooms, 514 North Corona	[illegible]
5 rooms East Kiowa.	1 0

W. W. WILLIAMSON,

5½ S. Tejon St.

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

COAL!

Order from

C. G. JOHNSON & CO.,

C. G. JOHNSON, S. L. SMITH

(Successors to W. H. Rowe & Co)

Agents FOR
CANON CITY AND VICTOR COAL.
Lump, Egg, Nut, also Anthracite of all sizes—
WOOD AND KINDLING

OFFICE—23 N. Tejon. Telephone 93.
YARD Corner Cucharras and Corona.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

New Chinese and Japanese curiosities. Fine China Ware, China Silk and Embroidered work and Japanese Wire Goods. For sale at low prices. All are cordially invited to call and examine our new goods.

QUONG TANG HING,
In New Store, 10½ Pike's Peak Ave.

If you are going to this promising CAMP

You will find everything you require to wear at

PERKINS & HOLBROOK,

Clothiers, Bank Block

J. H. MACMILLAN,

Dealer in Mines and Mining Stocks.

References:
H. P. Cunningham & Co., Aspen
First National Bank, of Aspen

P. O. Box 153, Aspen, Colo.

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Mollie Gibson,
Argentum and Juniata,
Bushwhacker,
Little Annie,
Best Friend,
Park, Mamie and Queen,
St. Joe and Mineral Farm Con.
Aspen Mining & Smelting Co.
Pontiac,
Della S.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Wilbur & Wolf

FINE COSTUMES

AND

MILLINERY.

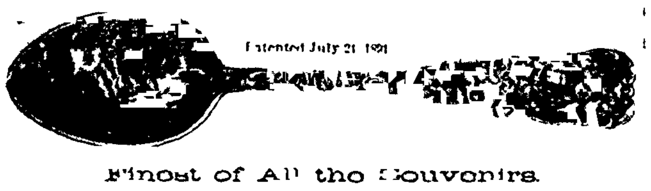
Wilbur & Wolf

McMahon & Moffatt.

Tailors of the very first water. Prices that are a marvel of cheapness when the quality of the goods is considered.

Call and see us at 17 N. Tejon, Opposite Opera House

MANITOU SOUVENIR SPOON



Finest of All the Souvenirs.

Made in Orange, Tea and and Coffee Spoons.

15 S. Tejon,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

WEST, JEWELER,

Manitou, Colo.

Johnson's DRY GOODS AND Carpets!

Reduced Prices on

CLOAKS, JACKETS AND FURS.

ALSO SPECIAL BARGAIN OF

600 yds all wool Plaids, 40 inches wide, at	*35c*
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